2018 Brazilian Elections

Presidential Candidates' Proposals on the Economy

Jair Bolsonaro (PSL)

Fernando Haddad

Pension Reform

- Create new system of individual capitalization accounts
- Create a fund to strengthen social security financing
- Combat the pension deficit by **creating** jobs and increasing the workforce
- Simplify and unify the federal
- Exempt those who earn up to five

	 Simplify and unify the federal tax system 	 Exempt those who earn up to five minimum wages from Personal Income Tax (IRPF) and increase IRPF rates for higher-earning individuals Create a tax on profits and dividends Simplify the tax system with a value added tax (VAT), replacing five different taxes(ICMS, IPI, ISS, PIS and Cofins)
Government Spending	 Cut public spending and privileges, such as housing assistance, to balance accounts Reduce the number of ministries from 29 to 23 Maintain the 20-year spending cap Reduce the number of congressional representatives per state 	 Overturn the 20-year spending cap Ensure that federal entities have no loss of revenue
Privatization	 Privatize and eliminate state owned enterprises, with the exception of a few 	 Stop privatization processes and the sale of public assets
Trade	 Facilitate international trade by reducing import quotas and non-tariff barriers, as well as signing new bilateral agreements Invest in technology and stimulate technological innovation to alleviate Brazil's dependency on commodities 	 Return to, and deepen, foreign policy of integration with Latin America and South-South cooperation, especially with Africa Support multilateralism, such as the BRICS's agenda Promote integration of regional production chains: strengthen the South American Trade Bloc (Mercosur) and the Union of South American Nations (Unasur), and consolidate the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States (CELAC) Institute capital controls to further regulate capital entering Brazil
Business Environment	 Support start-ups and scale-ups with great potential Eliminate government legislation and excessive fines that hurt employers and their employees Regulate the purchase of Brazilian companies by foreign companies Simplify rules and regulations for opening and closing businesses 	
Debt and Growth	 Reduce debt by 20 percent 	 Create National Policy for Regional and Territorial Development to internalize economic activity
Other	 Make the Central Bank an independent entity with a fixed 	 Provide credit for families that are currently in the register as defaulters

- mandate
- Reduce the number of economic governing bodies to two: the Ministry of the Economy and the Central Bank. Both institutions will be subordinate to the Minister of the Economy
- Introduce a mechanism for transitioning towards a universal basic income
- Strengthen financial development **instruments**, like Mercosur Structural Convergence Fund (FOCEM) and Bank of the South
- Emergency Employment Plan: job recovery, income distribution policies, and credit at lower interest rates and longer payment terms
- Prioritize youth and the "Minha Casa" Minha Vida" Program
- **Revoke labor reform** implemented by the Temer adminstation
- Create initiatives to **recover resources** lost through pre-salt auctions

Please note: The information is not all-inclusive and serves as a general summary: candidates may have additional policy proposals not included in the table. The following information is drawn primarily from candidates' official platforms, the Roda Viva preliminary interviews, and public statements.



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Sources: Plano de Governo 2019-2022, Coligação O Povo Feliz (PT-PCDOB-PROS); O Caminho da Prosperidade, Proposta de Plano de Governo Bolsonaro 2018; Roda Viva 2018; Valor Econômico; Estadão; El Pais; Poder360.