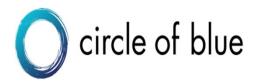
CHOKE LNIOd Global





Competition Between Water, Energy, and Food in China and India





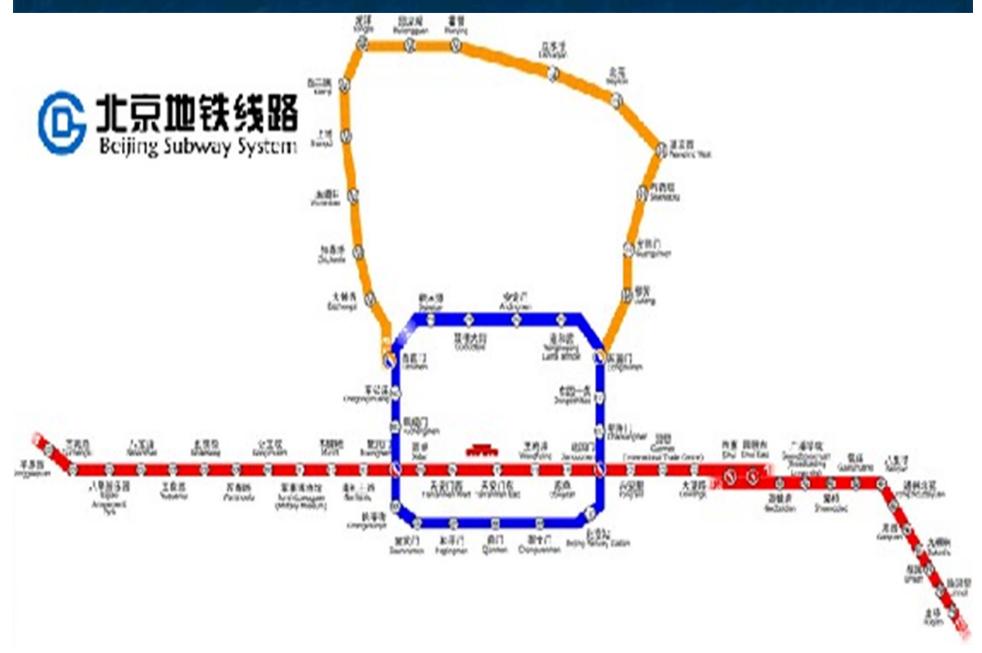




China's New Energy Prince?

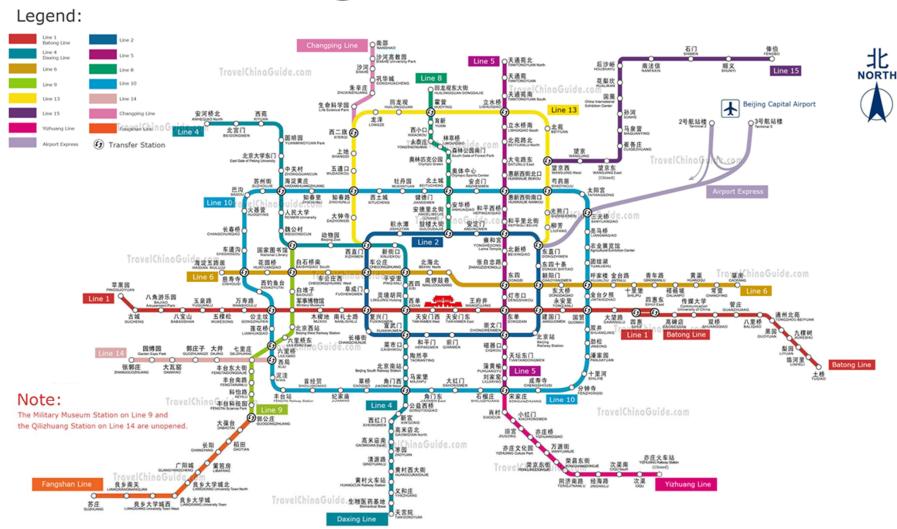


Beijing Subway Map 2007



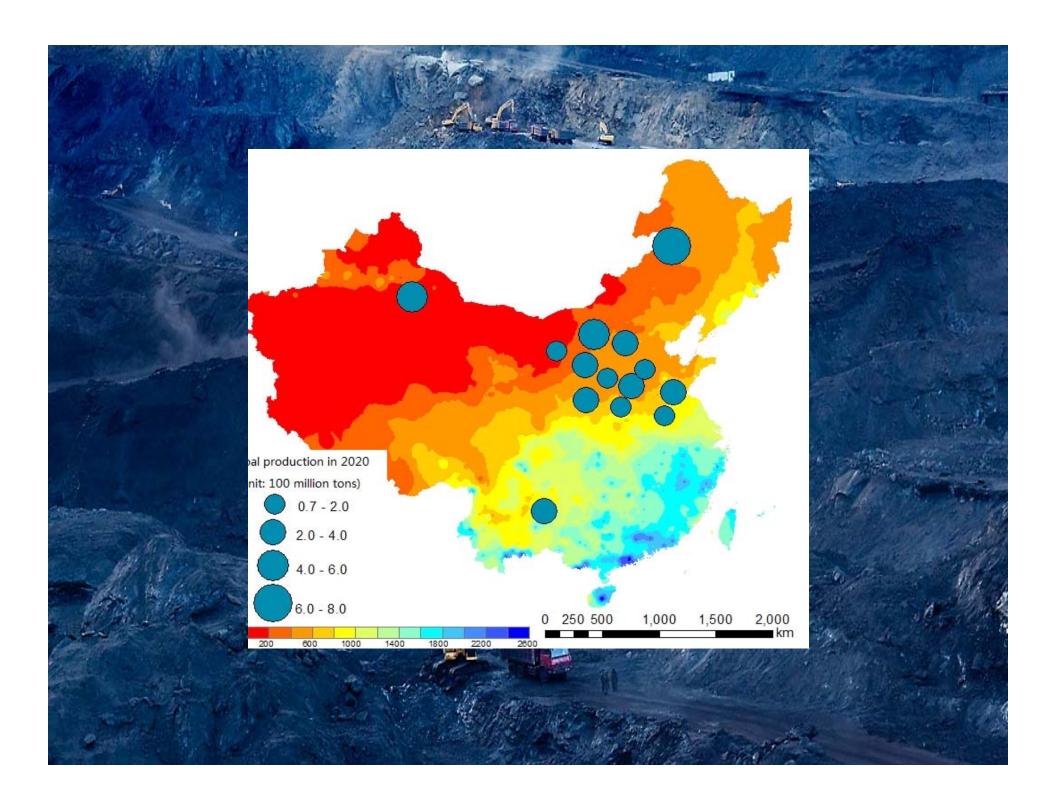
Beijing Subway Map 2013





Seven and Counting.....







The King is Thirsty



China's Demand for Energy is Outpacing its Freshwater Supply





SOUTH-NORTH WATER TRANSFER

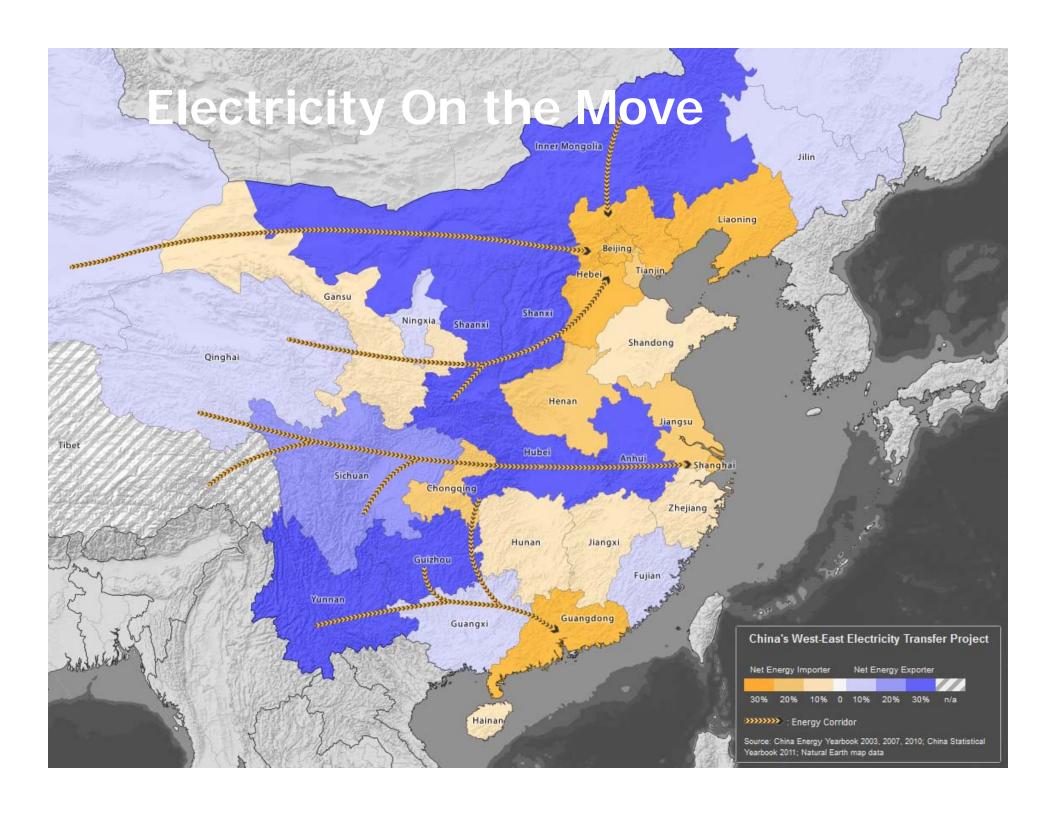


Agriculture on the Move



Agriculture on the Move





Rivers Run Red, Green, Denim Blue...







CHOKE POINT: INDIA



SECOND-LARGEST POPULATION: With 1.27 billion residents as of June 2013, India is currently the second most-populated nation in the world, though it is expected to pass China in 2025.

THIRD-LARGEST GRAIN HARVEST: Free water and free electricity is provided to grain farmers in India, which has led to massive surplus – 62 million metric tons of rice, or 60% of last year's harvest, is currently stored in government depots. Typically, India has about 25 million metric tons in storage.



FOURTH-LARGEST ENERGY CONSUMER, FIFTH-LARGEST COAL RESERVES, & THIRD-LARGEST COAL PRODUCTION: India has 67 billion metric tons in proven reserves still to be mined, and India pulled 540 million metric tons of coal from its mines last year.

NINTH-LARGEST FRESHWATER RESERVES: India's annual renewable water reserves total 1,608 billion cubic meters a year.

INDIA'S RESOURCE PROBLEMS: are not those of SCARCITY, but rather of INEFFICIENT USE and bureaucratic policies.

