

Safe Motherhood to MDG5 to Women Deliver to UHC...?

Presented by Ann Starrs, President

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Ann Biddlecom*

December 2017



Preventing the Tragedy of Maternal Deaths

A REPORT ON THE
International Safe Motherhood Conference

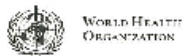
NAIROBI KENYA
February 1987

Prepared by
ANN STARRS

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WORLD BANK



WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION



UNITED NATIONS
FUND FOR POPULATION
ACTIVITIES

The Safe Motherhood Action Agenda:

Priorities for the Next Decade

12-23 October 1997
Colombo, Sri Lanka

28-30 May 2013, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

WOMEN DELIVER

Women Deliver for Development

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



GLOBAL
conference
18-20 October 2007
ExCel London, UK

THE LANCET

Volume 370 Number 9395 Pages 1285-1302 October 13-19, 2007

www.thelancet.com

"Since the human race began, women have delivered for society. It is time now for the world to deliver for women."

See Comment page 1285



£5.00 Registered as a newspaper - ISSN 0140-6736
Founded 1823 - Published weekly



Adding It Up 2017

- Estimates the **need** among women in developing regions for:
 - Contraception to prevent unintended pregnancies
 - Maternal and newborn care
- Estimates the **impact** of meeting their needs for contraceptive and maternal and newborn care
- Estimates the **cost** of fully meeting women's needs for contraceptive and maternal and newborn care

Key findings:

INVESTING IN CONTRACEPTION AND MATERNAL/NEWBORN HEALTH SAVES LIVES

- 214 million women in developing regions have an unmet need for modern contraception.
- Meeting this unmet need would result in a 75% decline in unintended pregnancies, unplanned births and induced abortions.
- Only 1 in 3 women experiencing complications during pregnancy or delivery receive the care they or their newborns need.
- Providing full contraceptive and maternal and newborn care would reduce annual maternal deaths from 308,000 to 84,000 and newborn deaths from 2.7 million to 538,000.

Key findings:

INVESTING IN SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SAVES MONEY

- Providing contraception and maternal and newborn care to all in need would cost \$8.56 per person per year in developing regions.
- Every additional \$1 spent on contraceptive care saves \$2.20 on maternal and newborn care due to declines in unintended pregnancies.

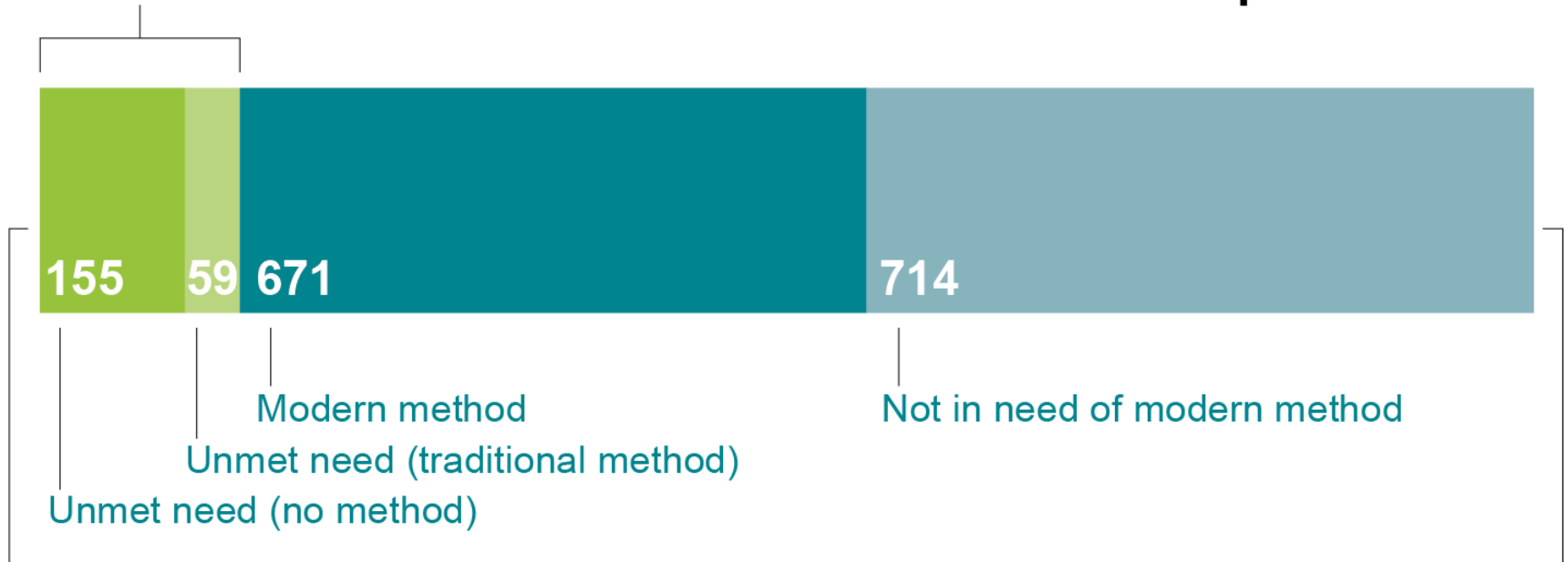
In developing regions, more than half of women of reproductive age want to avoid a pregnancy



1,600 million women of reproductive age, 2017

But one-fourth of women wanting to avoid a pregnancy are not using modern contraceptives

214 million have an unmet need for modern contraception



1,600 million women of reproductive age, 2017

Women with unmet need for modern contraceptives account for 84% of unintended pregnancies

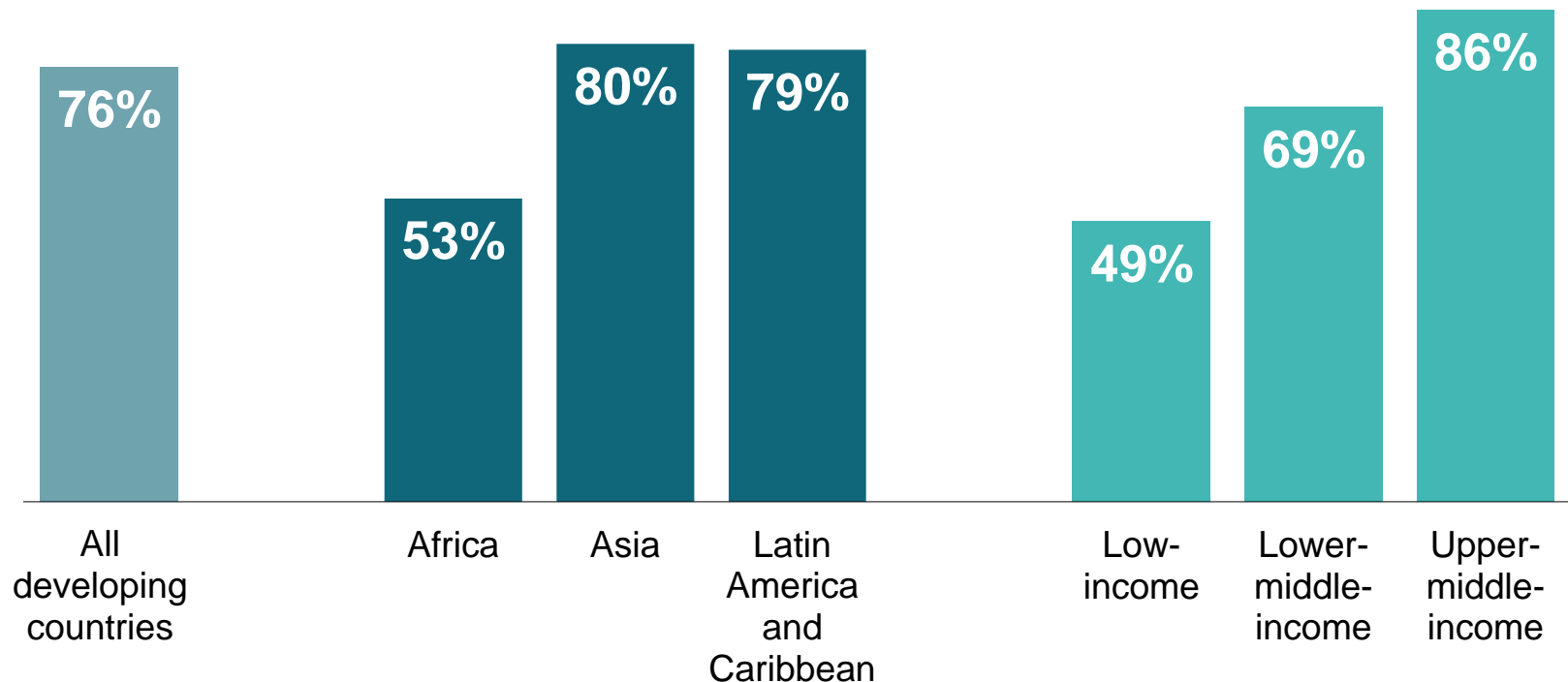
89 MILLION UNINTENDED PREGNANCIES, 2017



METHODS WOMEN USED WHEN THEY BECAME PREGNANT

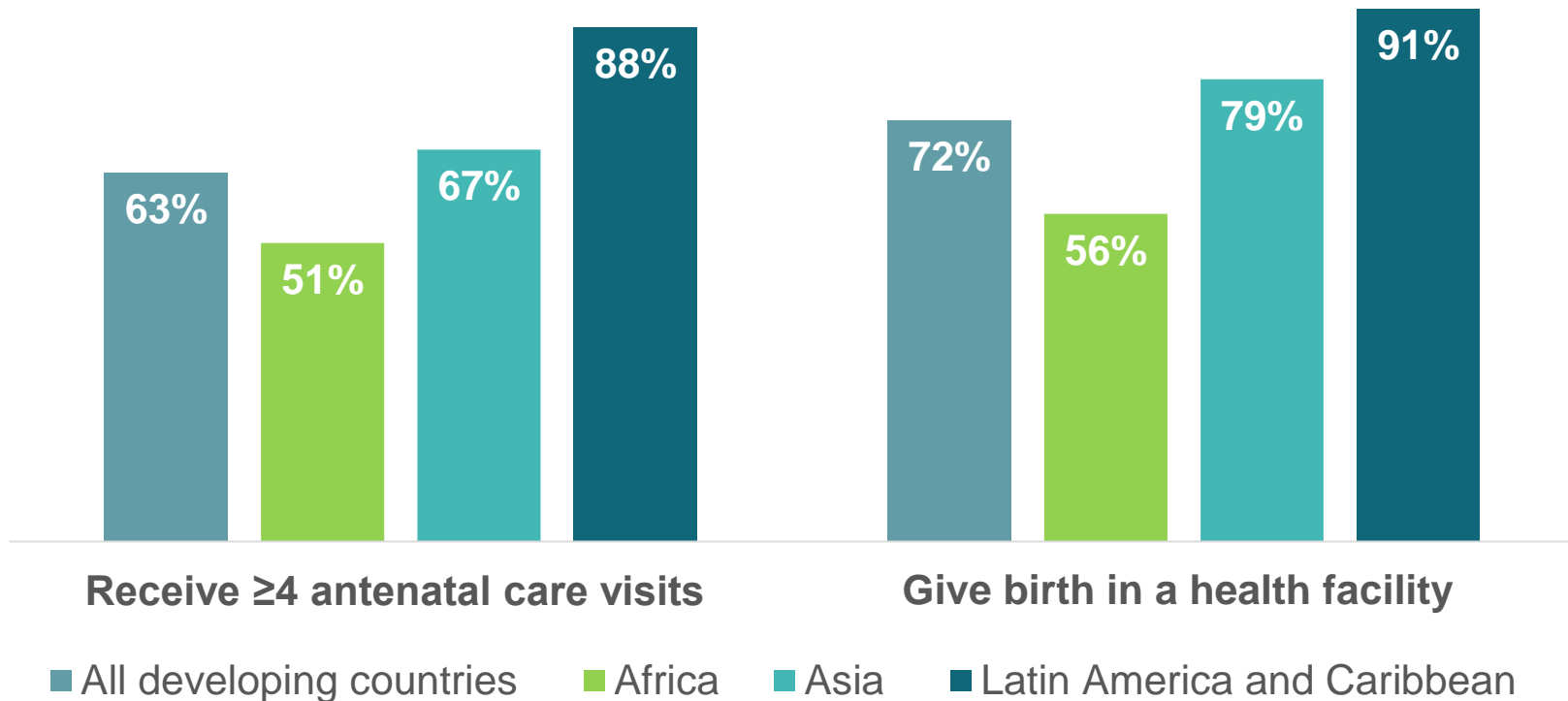
Gaps persist across regions and country income levels in the proportion of contraceptive need met

% of women wanting to avoid a pregnancy who are using a modern contraceptive method



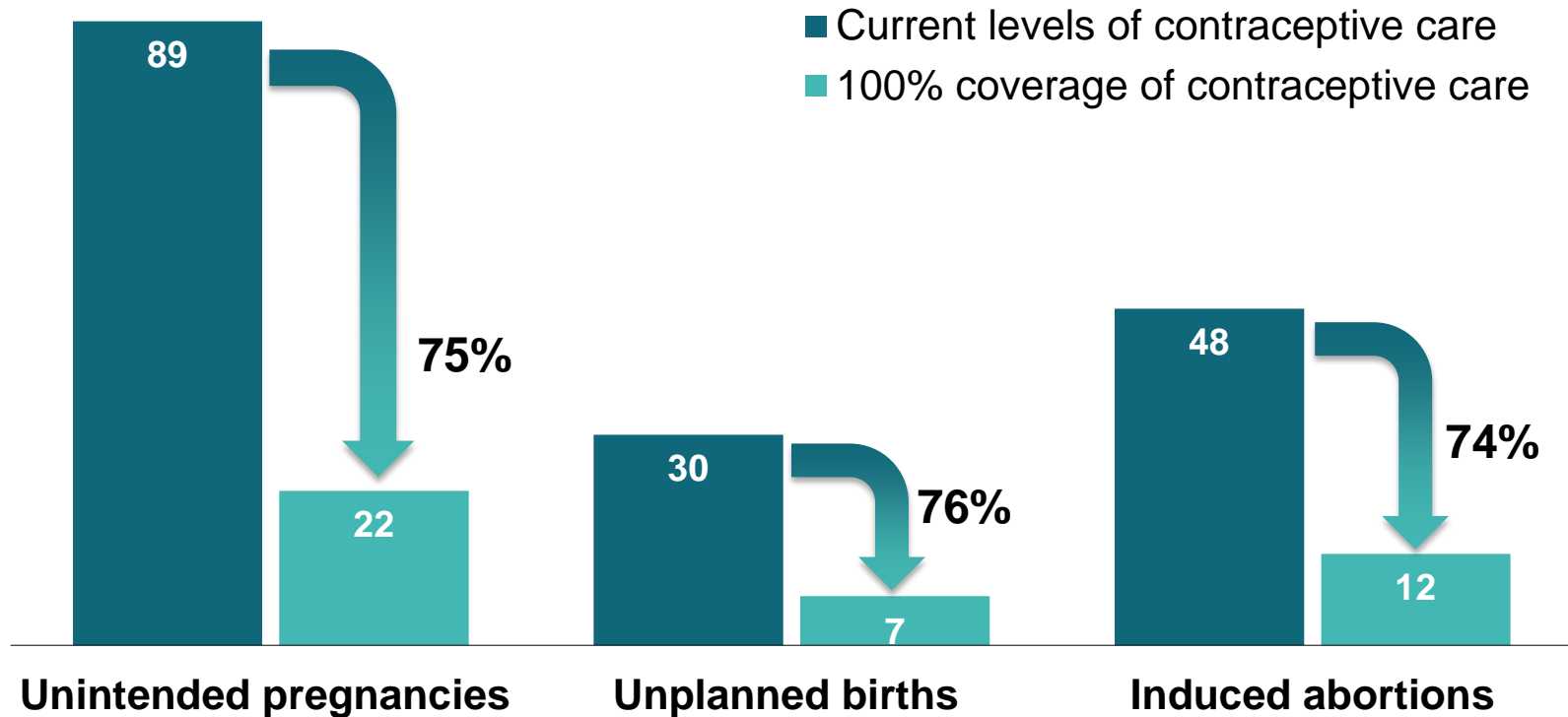
Large gaps persist across regions in the receipt of essential maternal health services

% among women giving birth



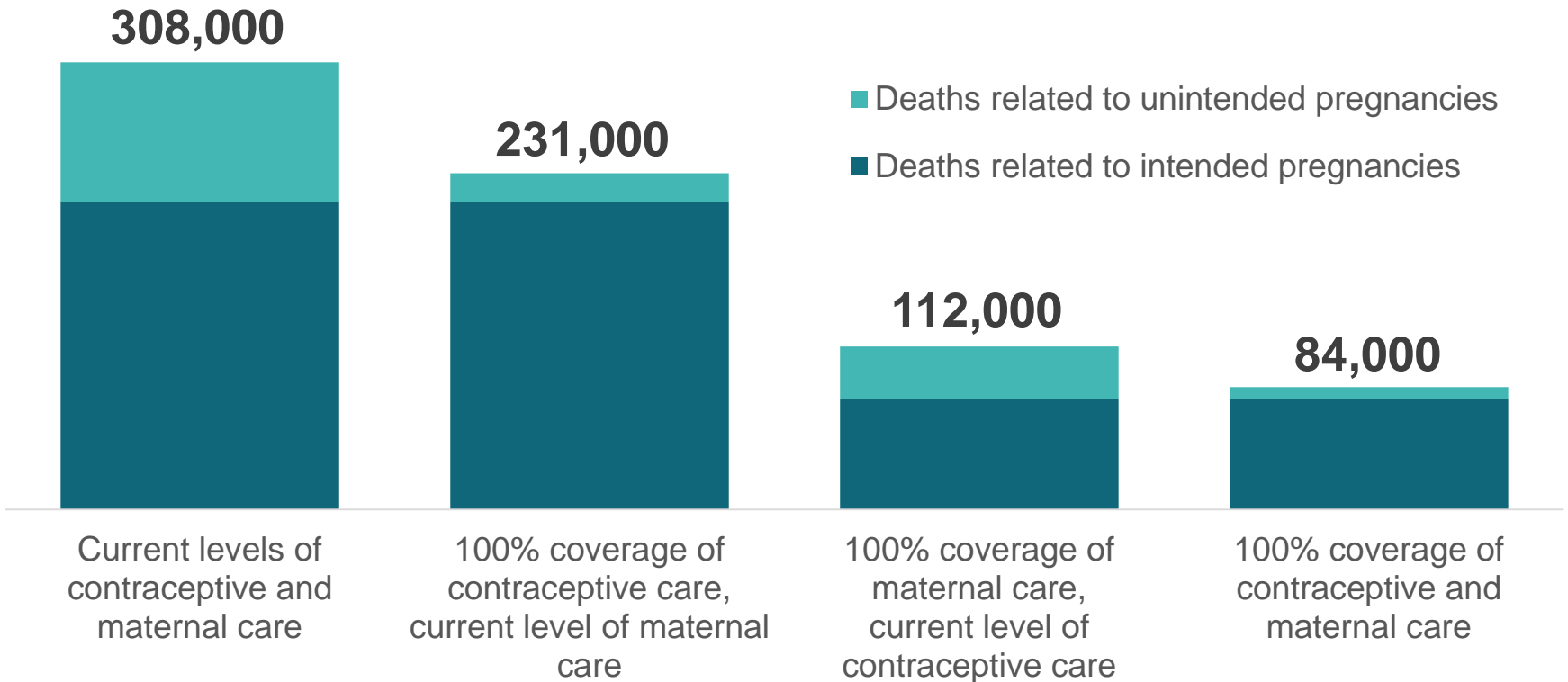
Fulfilling unmet need for modern contraceptive services would reduce unintended pregnancies, births and abortions substantially

Millions



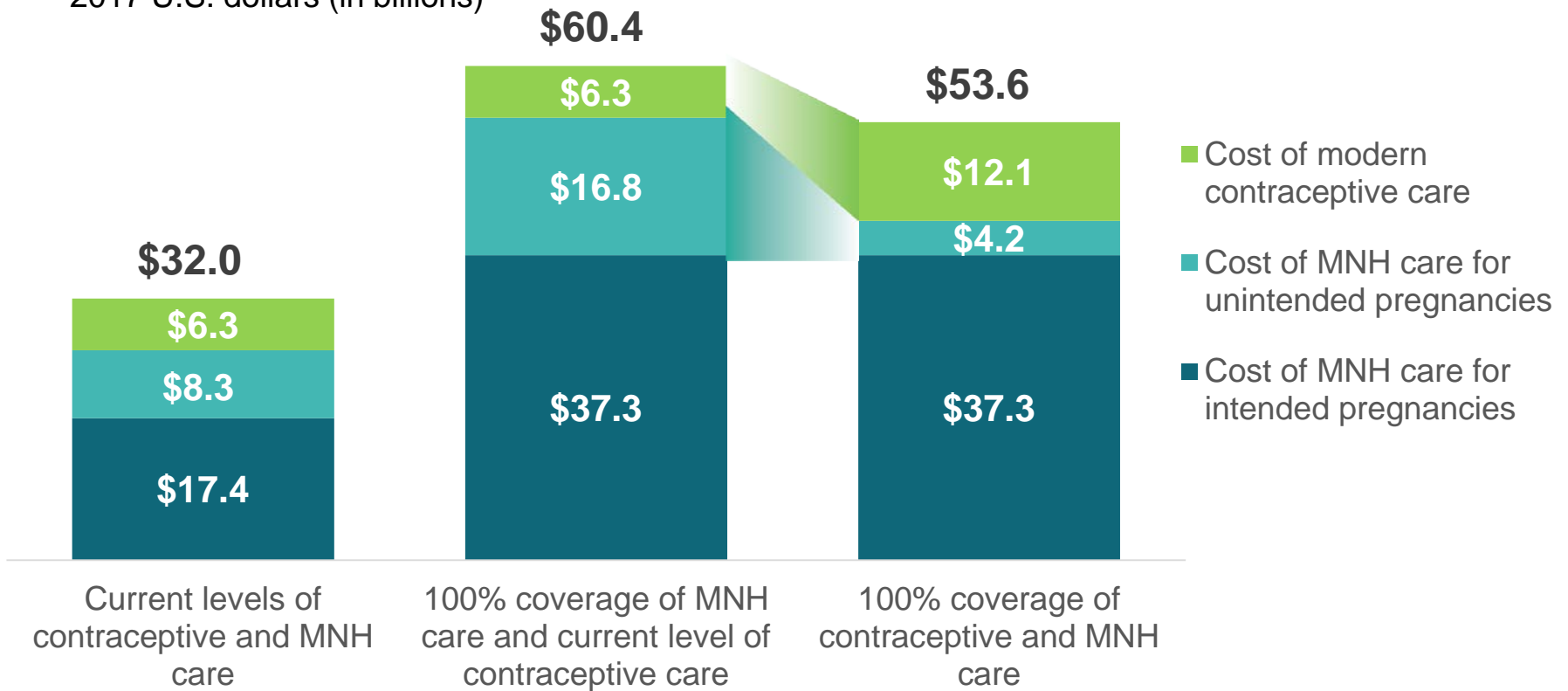
Fulfilling unmet need for modern contraceptive services and maternal health care would save women's lives

No. of maternal deaths



Expanding modern contraceptive services would help to offset the cost of improved maternal and newborn care in developing regions

2017 U.S. dollars (in billions)



Investing in both contraceptive and maternal and newborn health services saves money

WHY INVEST IN FAMILY PLANNING?

\$1 = \$2.20

Every \$1 spent on contraceptive services in developing regions saves \$2.20 in maternal and newborn health care due to declines in unintended pregnancies





Need for greater investment

- Governments, donors, NGOs, households and individuals all need to contribute to close the resource gaps
- Critical investments are needed in both contraceptive and maternal and newborn care
- Return on investment goes beyond impacts on health to broad social and economic benefits for women, their families and their societies

Acknowledgements



BILL & MELINDA
GATES *foundation*

MacArthur
Foundation

*Findings and conclusions do not necessarily reflect
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More information

Fact sheet and supplemental tables available at:
www.guttmacher.org/fact-sheet/adding-it-up-contraception-mnh-2017