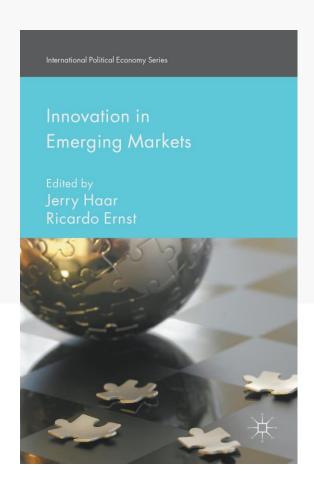
Innovation in Emerging Markets

Jerry Haar and Ricardo Ernst, eds.

New York and London: Palgrave Macmillan 2016



Quotes on Innovation











The only way forward in life is innovation. And innovation born from true creativity, depends on movement. Life after all, is all about motion whereas stasis is equivalent -Georges St-Pierre

Marketing Professional



Inspirational "Ouotes" on





























ONCE YOU HAVE AN IMMOVATION CULTURE. EVEN THOSE WHO ARE NOT SCIENTISTS OR Engineers - Poets, actors, journalists MEANING OF WHAT IT IS TO BE SCIENTIFICALLY LITERATE. THEY EMBRACE THE CONCEPT OF AN INNOVATION CULTURE. THEY WOTE IN WAYS



logic will get you imagination will





Microsoft is not about greed. It's Innovation distinguishes between a leader and a follower. - Steve Jobs

ital-age economies, Jobs mate icon of inventiveness, sustained innovation. He imagination, and st way to create value in the twenty-first century was to connect creativity with technology, so he built a company where leaps of the imagination were combined with remarkable feats of engineering. "Walter Isaacson







Innovation is only innovation if it makes a positive impact for our clients.



INNOVATION distinguishes and a follower. Steve Jobs





INNOVATION IS THE **ONLY SUSTAINABLE** COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE A COMPANY CAN HAVE.



FAILURE IS AN OPTION

IF I HAD ASKED MY CUSTOMERS WHAT THEY WANTED, THEY WOULD HAVE SAID A

Once you achieve intimacy and connection, I predict that innovation, partnership, execution and success won't be far behind, ~Susan Scott



Innovation Process Exits

3 Miles

between a leader













11 Miles Doesn't Work Doesn't Work 17 Miles Innovation Success Up the Road



















Sometimes when you innovate, you make mistake It is best to admit them improving your other



















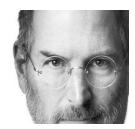
Quotes on Innovation

"INNOVATION IS THE CENTRAL ISSUE IN ECONOMIC PROSPERITY."

MICHAEL PORTER

Innovation distinguishes between a leader and a follower.

- Steve Johs



"IF YOU LOOK AT HISTORY, INNOVATION DOESN'T COME JUST FROM GIVING PEOPLE INCENTIVES; IT COMES FROM CREATING ENVIRONMENTS WHERE THEIR IDEAS CAN CONNECT."

STEVEN JOHNSON

"We define INNOVATION as PROFITABLE CREATIVITY" Innovation is change that unlocks new value.

- Jamie Notter

"INNOVATION IS TAKING TWO THINGS THAT ALREADY EXIST AND PUTTING THEM TOGETHER IN A NEW WAY."

TOM FRESTON

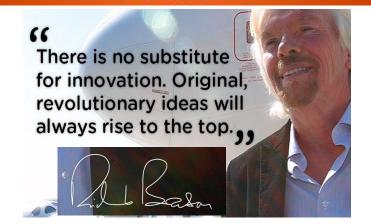
NEVER BEFORE IN HISTORY
HAS INNOVATION OFFERED PROMISE
OF SO MUCH TO SO MANY
IN SO SHORT A TIME
- BILL GATES

Creativity is thinking up new things.

Innovation is about doing new things.

'INNOVATION IS THE PROCESS OF TURNING IDEAS INTO MANUFACTURABLE AND MARKETABLE FORM.'

WATTS HUMPREY



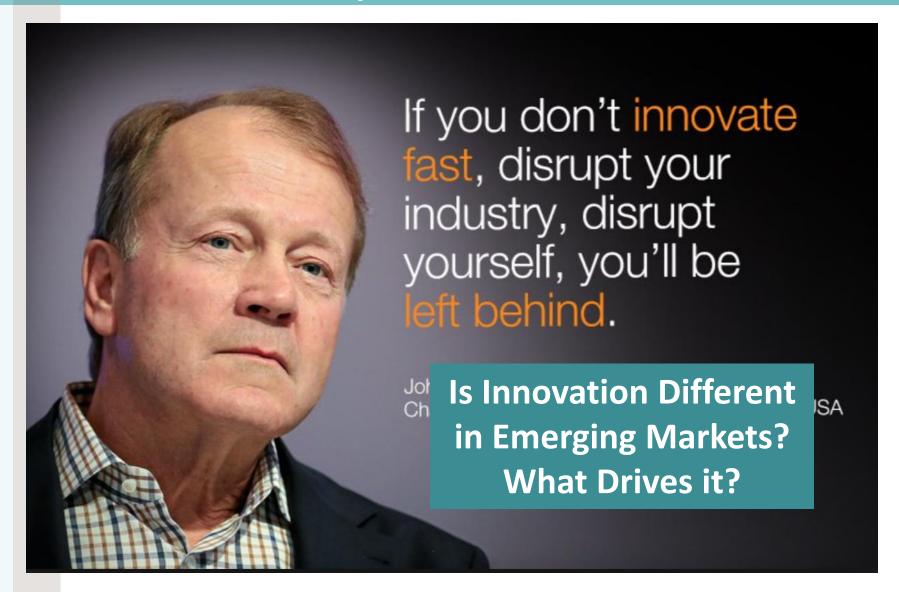
Theodore Levitt

 The act of innovating; introduction of new things or methods.

 The process of translating a invention into a good or ser value or for which custome

• To be called an **innovation**, replicable at an economical cost and must satisfy a specific need.

Traditional Developed World View of Innovation



General Motivation → WHAT?

Whether a consumer product (iPhone) or service (Uber), a firm (3M, Embraer), sector (biopharmaceutical), industry (mobile payments), or country (Taiwan, Israel),





innovation is a driving, catalytic force in both domestic and global commerce today. It includes products, processes, services, and business models.

Consumer products



Sectors





Services



Industries





Companies



Nations

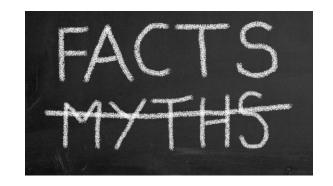




Traditional Myths on Innovation

- Innovation comes mainly from the developed world
- Only Big Companies have enough funding to invest in Innovation
- Innovation is difficult to copy and imitate until fully developed
- We will create more here NIH syndrome

Is Innovation Different in Different Places?
What Drives it?

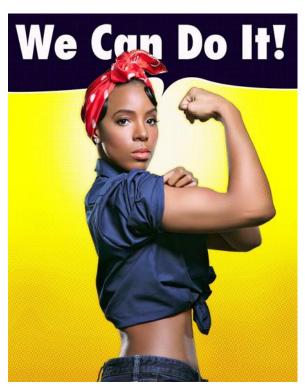


Our Motivation → WHAT?

The **aim of the book** is to advance the knowledge and understanding of innovation in **emerging markets** as an important force in the global economy.







Examples: wind-up radios in Africa; microcredit lending in South Asia and Latin America; the Jaipur foot, an artificial limb designed in India, making use of low tech materials.

General Motivation → WHY?

Research confirms that innovative enterprises generally achieve **stronger growth** or are **more successful** than those that do not innovate.



There is a **strong correlation** between market performance and new products; and while new products can capture and boost market share and profitability, non-price factors such as **design** and **quality** can increase competitive sales growth. Not just products but processes as well, along with positioning.

Why Innovation?

- Strong Innovators **grew 13% more quickly** and were **3% more profitable** than their competitors!
- First, innovation is key to sustainability and progress.
- **Second**, this impact is magnified because innovation is occurring **in every region around the world**, at every link in the economic value chain, and at every organizational level.
- Additionally, innovation has become a priority for all businesses at each
 point in their value proposition and functional structure, driving innovation
 in every domain from product creation to packaging and delivery.
- Finally, innovation provides the opportunity for market disruption and leapfrogging progress, which could help frontier markets "equalize" or even pass developed markets on a number of fronts.



According to PwC

The most innovative companies overall are growing significantly faster than the least innovative



20% most innovative companies

(11.3% year-on-year)

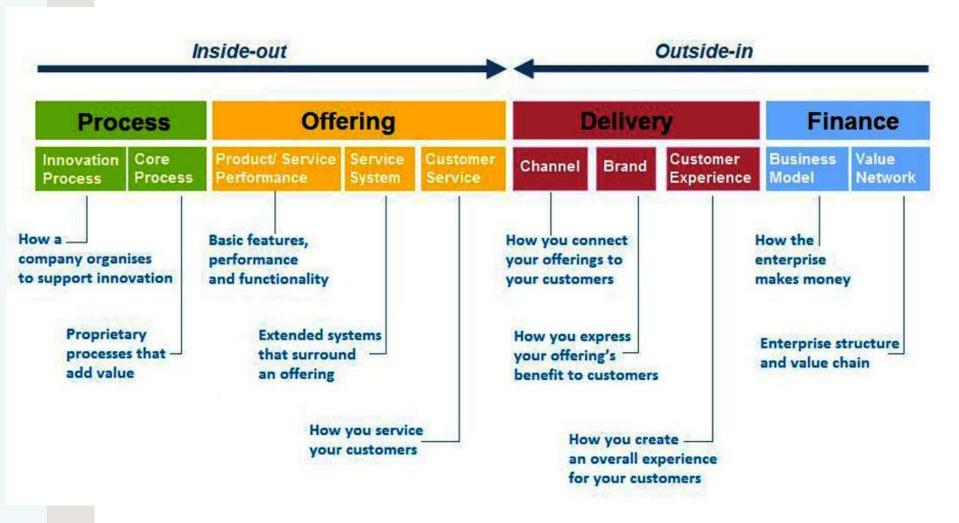


Types of Innovation

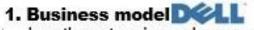
- ✓ Product innovation
- ✓ Process innovation
- ✓ Service innovation
- ✓ Business model innovation



Forms of innovation



Ten Types of Innovation: The Discipline of Building Breakthroughs by Larry Keeley, Helen Walters, Ryan Pikkel, Brian Quinn



how the enterprise makes money

2. Networking

enterprise's structure/ value chain

WAL*MART

5. Product performance Intel® Pentium® 4

basic features, performance and functionality

6. Product system



extended system that surrounds an offering

7. Service



how you service your customers

Finance

Process

Offering

Delivery

Business model

Networking

proc

BUT:

Is Innovation Different

in Different Places?

What Drives it?

Brand

ect your offerings

Customer experience

3. Enabling process assembled capabilities

SIEBEL

4. Core pro

proprietary processes that add value



iers

rand

ow you express your offering's penefit to customers

10. Customer experience

how you create an overall experience for customers



Ten Types of Innovation: The Discipline of Building Breakthroughs by Larry Keeley, Helen Walters, Ryan Pikkel, Brian Quinn

Forms of Innovation

 Packaging/Price Innovation ... Small, inexpensive goods for poorest population segments (Hindustan Unilever)



 Social Media Innovation ... multimedia services (Tencent's "wechat")





• **Distribution Innovation** ... Office delivery of home cooked meals (dabbawalla, an indian company).



 Advertising Innovation ... Web-based TV shows to promote brands (clinique's "Sufei's Diary" in china).





Motivation → WHERE?

Focus on the **emerging markets** of Asia, Africa, Latin America, the Middle East and Central Europe



BUT: Is Innovation Different in Different Places?



innovation, reverse innovation, social inclusion innovation, innovation in financial and non-financial services, health care, education, media and social enterprises.





NO ORDINARY DISRUPTION

DISRUPTION ONE: THE AGE OF URBANIZATION

COUNTRIES ARE BECOMING MUCH **MORE URBANIZED**

are growing by OO every year





This is equivalent to 7 new Chicagos every year

WITH EMERGING MARKETS TAKING THE LEAD

in emerging markets will 440 cities account for nearly half of global GDP growth by 2025

2.5 billion people will live in Asian by 2025—that's half or urbanites in the world people will live in Asian cities by 2025-that's half of all

By 2025, By 2025, the 46 of the economy of world's 200 Tianjin will be top cities the same size will be in China as Sweden's

EMERGING ECONOMIES ARE BECOMING MAJOR FORCES

economies will grow 759 By 2025, emerging

faster than developed nations

Emerging economies are taking a larger share of the world economy



1/3 today



by 2025

\$30

trillion

2030

GROWTH OF THE URBAN CONSUMER CLASS

150% increase

in annual consumption in emerging markets, 2010 to 2030



2010

620 million

people exited poverty in the last 20 years

Define Emerging Market

- An emerging market economy (EME) is defined as an economy with low to middle per capita income. Such countries constitute approximately 80% of the global population, and represent about 20% of the world's economies.
- A nation's ec advanced ... Is Innovation Different vard becoming in Different Places?
- An emerging that is progressing toward becoming more advanced, usually by means of rapid growth and industrialization. These countries experience an expanding role both in the world economy and on the political frontier.

def-i-ni-tion n. 1.

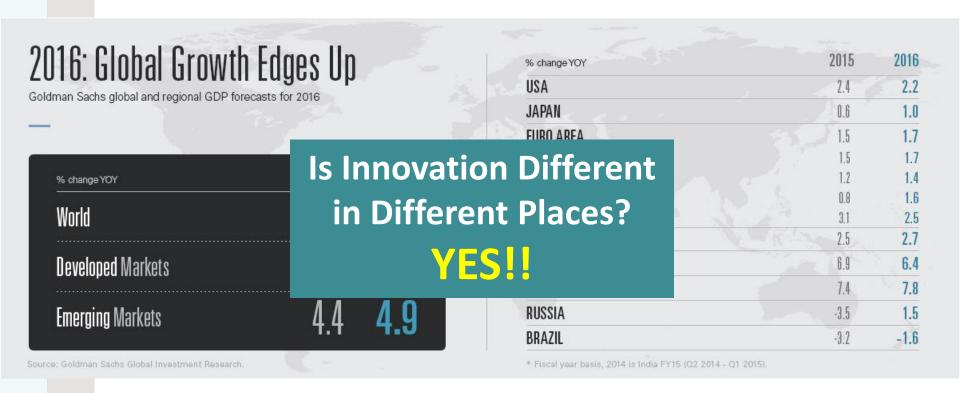
The teacher gave define new words.

Why Emerging Markets?

- The rise of emerging markets is a by-product of globalization
- Globalization has two parts: (1) the relocation of manufacturing or IT services to lower-cost countries; and (2) the extent to which national companies play their wares abroad
- It is a myth that the U.S. economy has always been globalized. True, the diffusion of Boeing 747s, iPads, and McDonald's outlets (122 countries) make it appear that the U.S. is a globalizing force but this is an illusion.



Why Emerging Markets?



THIS IS WHY.

Why Emerging Markets?

- According to the IMF World Economic Outlook the top 20 fastest growing economies are outside the U.S.
- The emerging markets' share of GDP will rise to 55% by 2018. The global middle class is valued at \$30 trillion
- U.S. firms derive only 7% of their overall revenues from emerging markets. U.S. consumer staples companies (e.g., Kraft, Hershey, P&G) secure less than 5% of their sales from emerging markets (the global average is 17%).
 This is Why

Why "Innovation in Emerging Markets"?



Trends Emergence of an Innovation Ecosystem

- **Broad global trends** spurring innovation
- **Expanding Access to Finance** crowdfunding such as Kickstarter
- Technolo Traveloc

Is Innovation Different in Different Places? **DEFINITELY!!**

ms like Kayak,

Global Markets and Institutions ... institutional changes and neoliberal policy reform (tariff reductions)

Why "Innovation in Emerging Markets"?

 About 17% of Global innovation is coming from Emerging Markets.



We should see that percentage go from 17% to 40% in

the next 10

Is Innovation Different in Different Places?

Includes hig

DEFINITELY!!

 Emerging economies lead the way for sustainable innovation, frugal innovation, and reverse innovation



The Framework Used in the Book



 The framework presented in the book covers different emerging markets regions (Asia, Africa, Middle East, LATAM, Central Europe). Chapters present

Is Innovation Different in **Different Places?**

in

2. fa

ad

DEFINITELY!!

These are the Drivers!

models.

ell.

bs, science parks, ations; and sses, and business

objective

The main objective of the book is to advance the knowledge and understanding of innovation in emerging markets as an important force in the global economy.

Innovation in Emerging Markets The Case of Latin America

Measuring innovation the conventional way----where does Latin America stand?

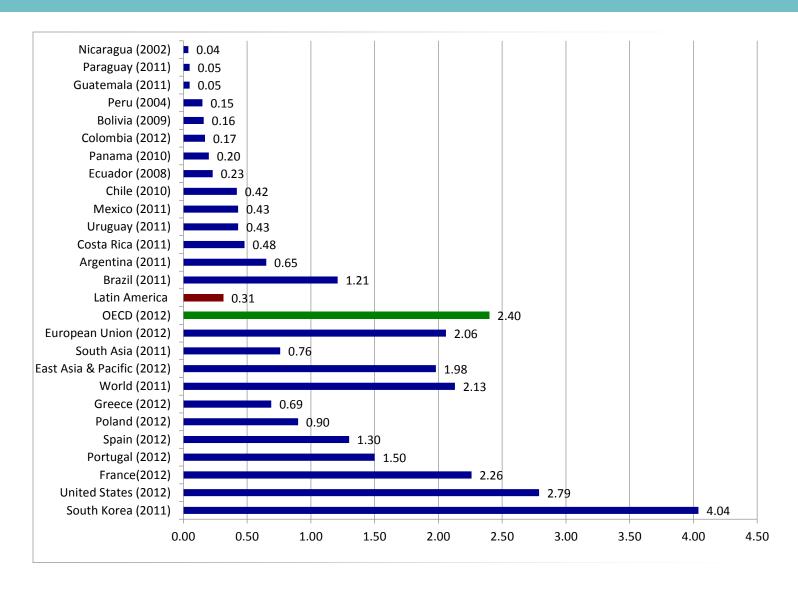
There are many yardsticks by way of which we gauge the measure of innovation-led development in an economy.

 Public and private R&D expenditure as a share of GDP is probably the most basic innovation indicator.

So, let's have a look......



R&D Expenditure as a Percentage of GDP



Other Metrics

 Number of patent applications. The gap is even more glaring on this front.



 High-technology exports as a share of all exports is another traditional benchmark of innovation.



- Quality of human capital is yet another important indicator of innovation in a country.
 - ✓ Assessment of the quality of education—vital to innovation. The OECD PISA study on education quality in 50 economies: Latin America falls well behind the OECD average.



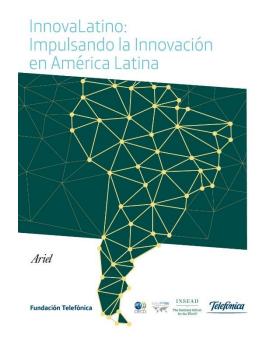
✓ Latin America faces severe talent shortages, and the problem is getting worse through the years.
 Employers face difficulty in filling jobs.



Innovation Ecosystem—Rapidly Developing

Landmark study:

InnovaLatino: Fostering Innovation in Latin America (2011), the result of a research project funded by Fundación Telefónica



Five Different Types of Innovators in Latin America

1. Public institutions are significant innovators

FINEP and INOVAR (Brazil), MINCyT (Argentina)

2. Large firms are the leading changemakers

Techint (Argentina), Embraer (Brazil), Cencosud (Chile), Grupo Nutresa (Colombia), Alicorp (Peru)



Five Different Types of Innovators in Latin America (cont.)

- 3. Small and medium-sized firms are innovating in greater numbers
- 4. Corporate social responsibility is being widely recognized as a vitally important corporate value.

5. Social entrepreneurs are actively engaging in "pro-society" business activities.

Four types of innovation



☐ Product innovation



☐ Process innovation



☐ Marketing and Branding innovation



☐ Business model innovation



Innovation through the Latin American

✓ Latin American governments leading the innovation way



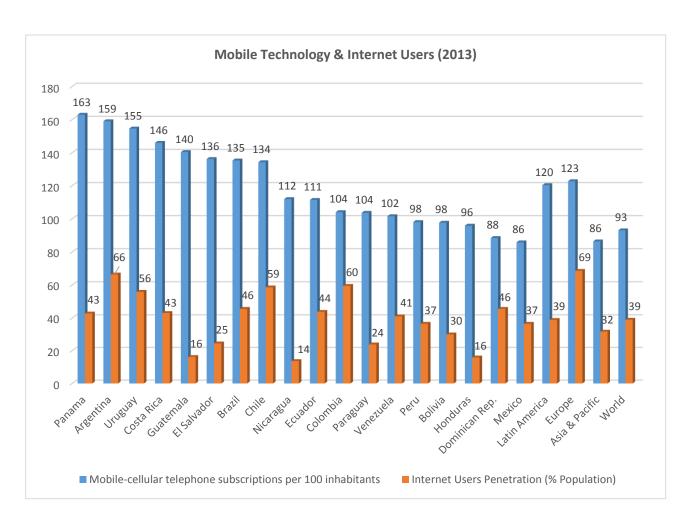
✓ Charting the green revolution frontiers



✓ Technology innovation for a brighter future



Mobile Technology and Internet Penetration



Source: ITU World Telecommunication (2014), ICT Indicators database; Internet World Stats (2014)

Fostering innovation via collaboration between universities/research institutions & the private sector





































Takeaways



Recommendations:

A national vision and a drive for partnerships



Innovation fueled by natural resources



Human capital as the catalyst of innovation

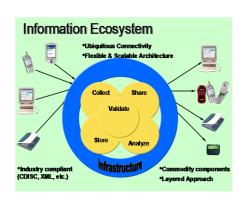




Supporting micro and SMEs through cluster policies



Innovation information ecosystem beyond traditional measures





Innovation leading to social inclusion and sustainability







Despite scarce resources and low R&D, Latin America is making headway in innovation...

- Both business- and social-oriented
- Large firms and small
- Building public-private engagement



 Goal: improve the ecosystem to expand and sustain entrepreneurship and innovation.