

Where things stand in the criminal justice reform in Mexico

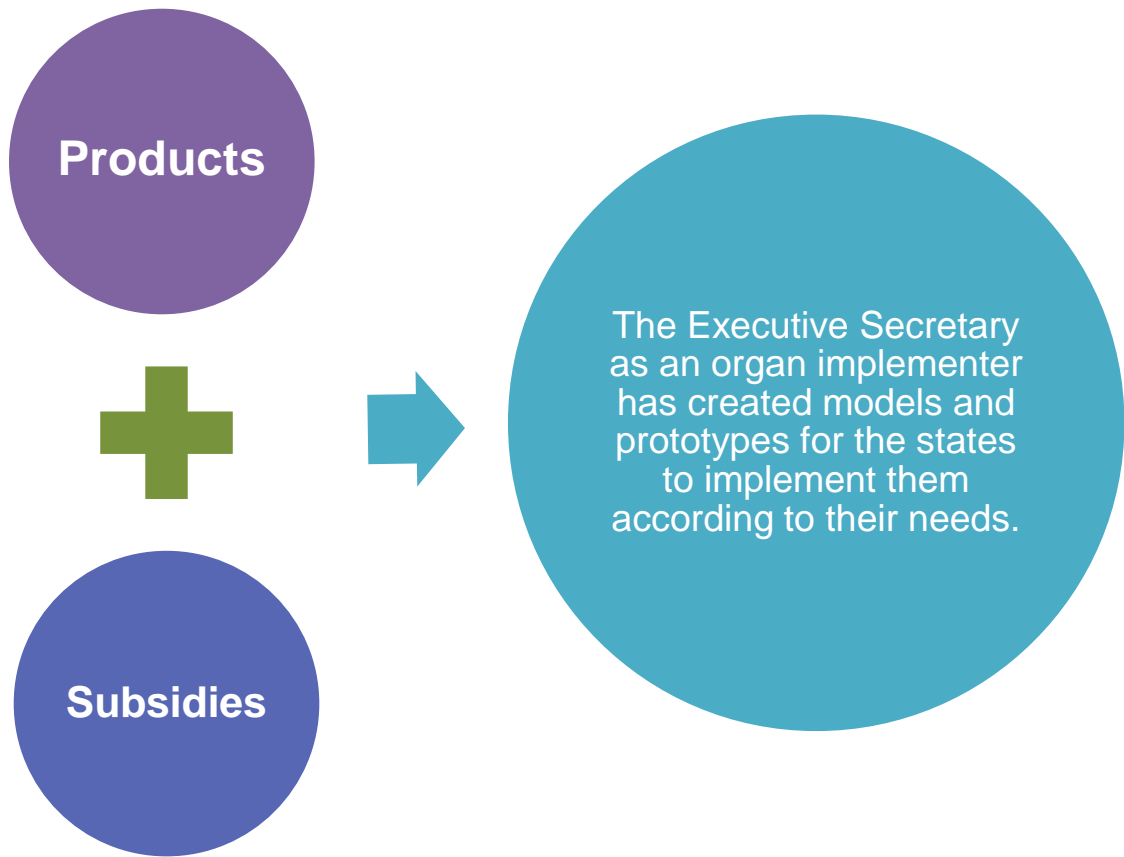
December 2012





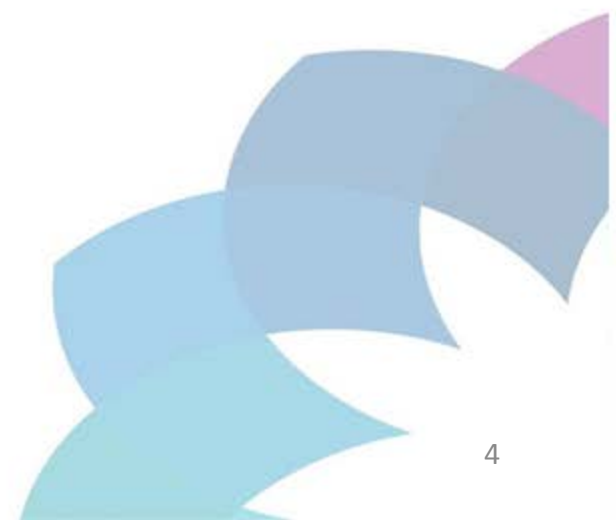
Relevant aspects:

- Complexities:
 - Coordination. 32 local and 1 federal governments.
 - Integrality. Multiple inefficient institutions to be transformed (not created).
 - Political will. Assistance only when asked, not a federal priority (leadership).
 - Lack of uniformity. 8 states initiated before the national reform with different rationale.
 - Content of the new system. Opposite logic of an authoritarian culture.



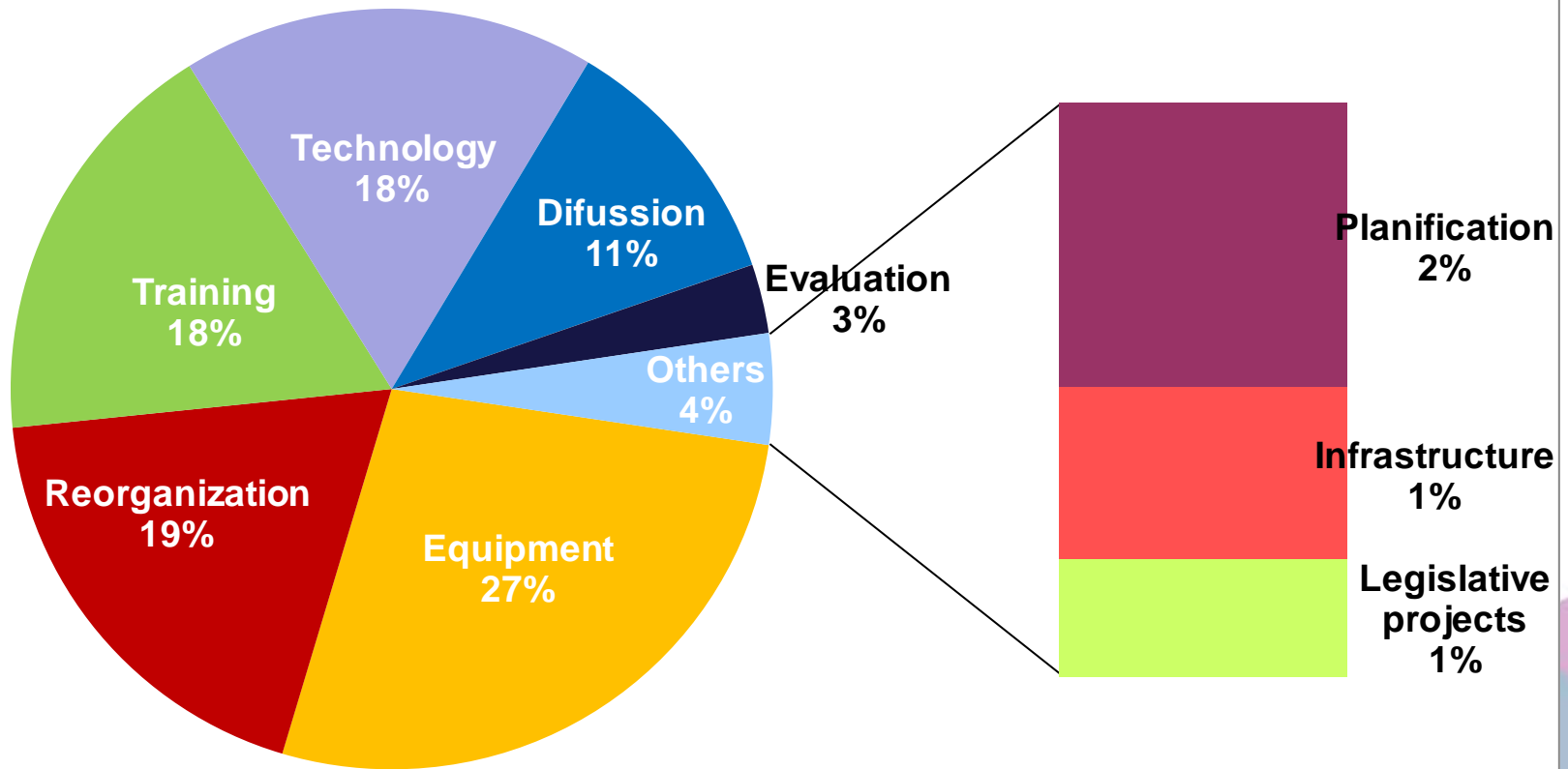
The nine themes for the reform implementation works are:

- 1 • Planification
- 2 • Legislative studies and projects
- 3 • Training
- 4 • Institutional Reorganization
- 5 • Diffusion
- 6 • Entailment and cooperation
- 7 • Evaluation and Monitoring
- 8 • Subsidies
- 9 • Infrastructure and equipment



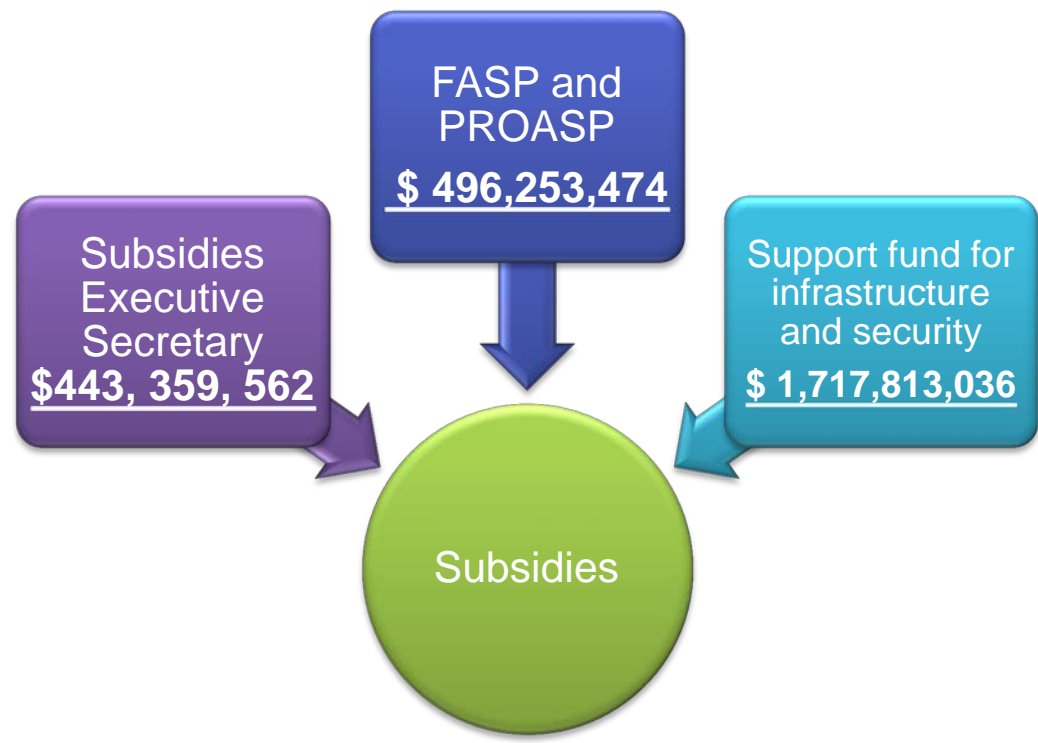
Subsidies of Executive Secretary 2012

Total of subsidies 2012: \$ 443,359,562 (34 million dollars)



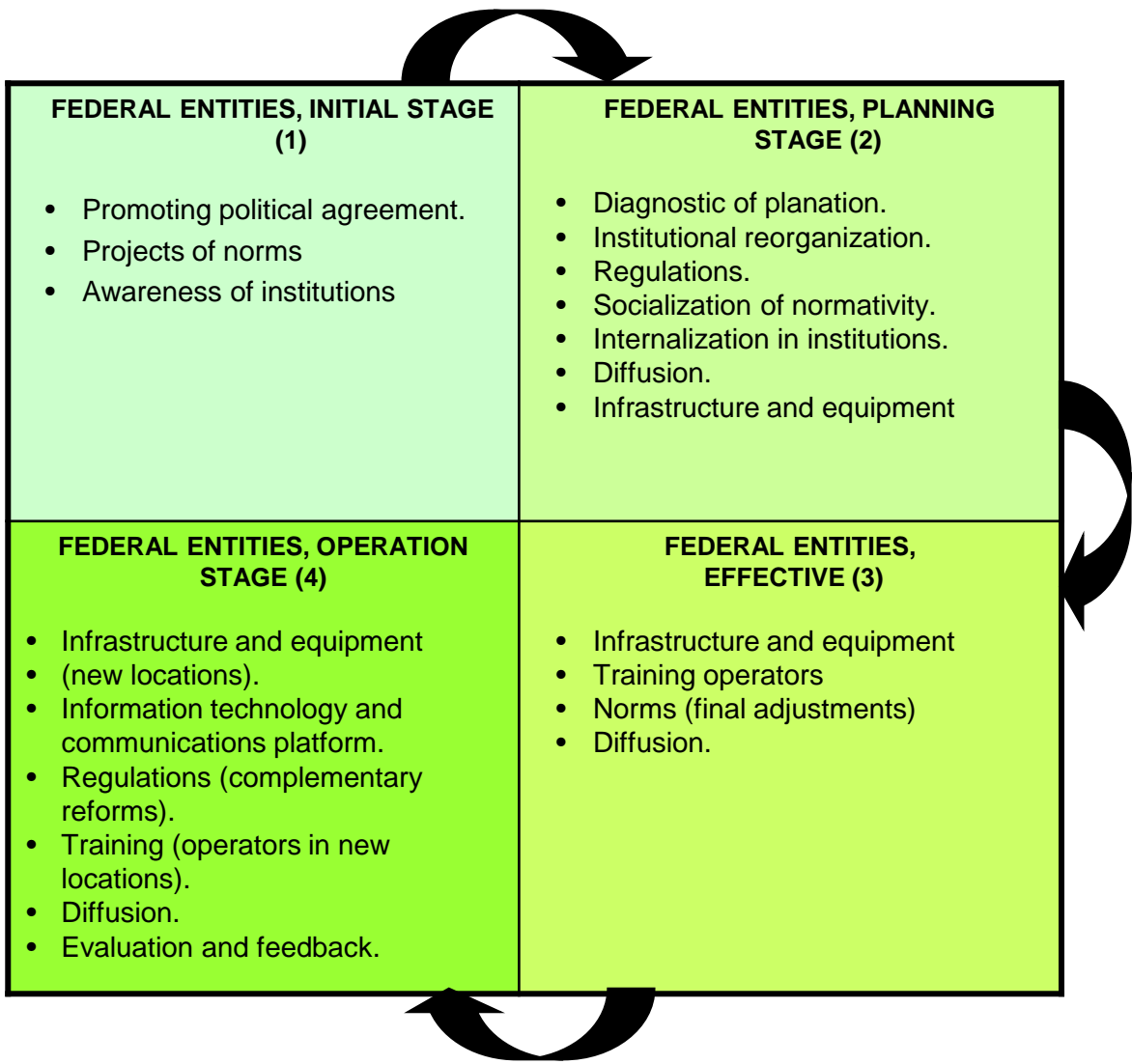


Subsidies of Executive Secretary 2012

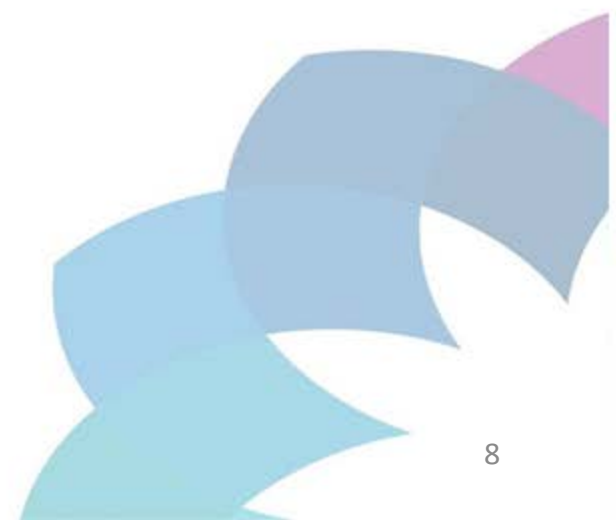
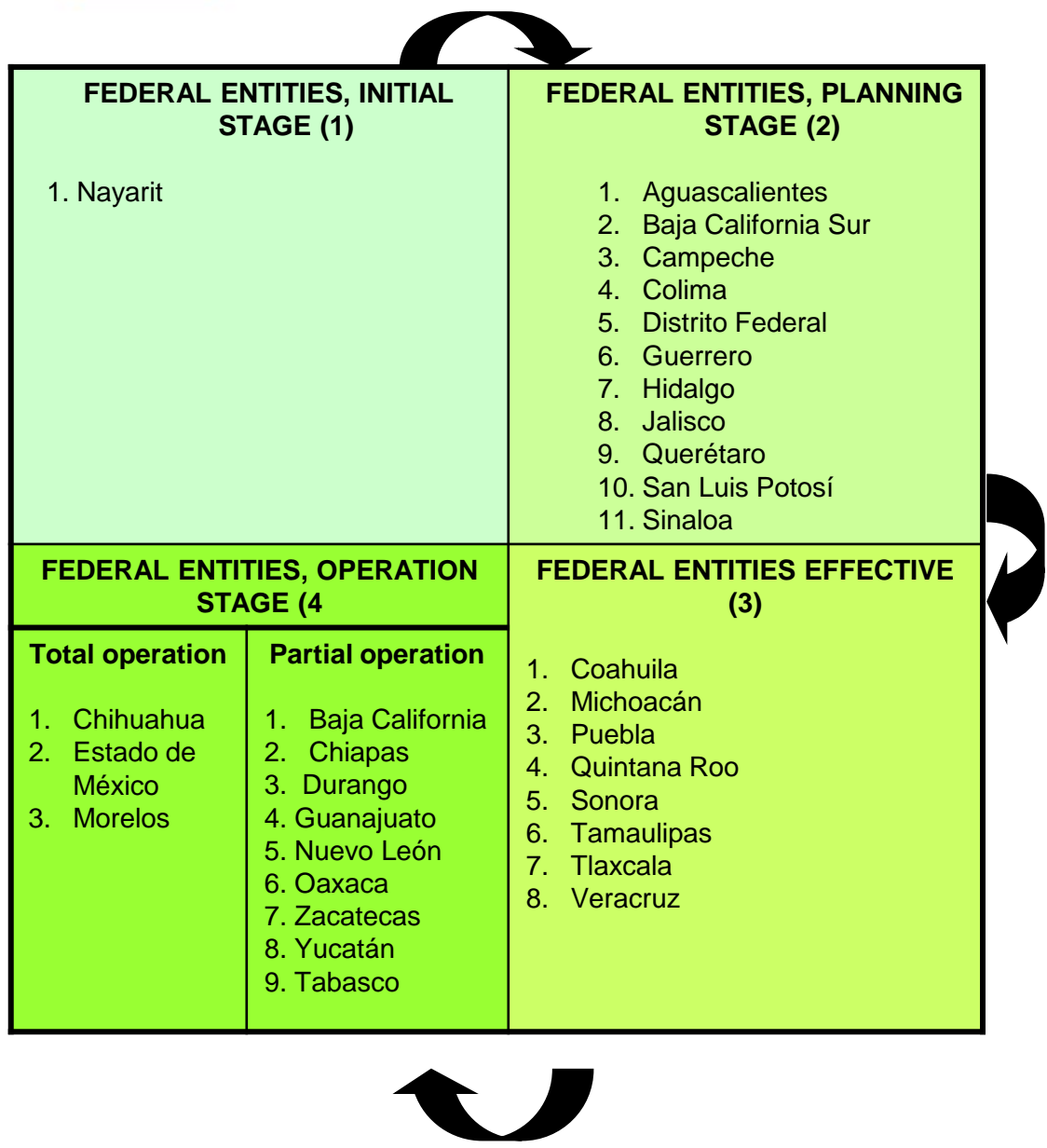


De este fondo exclusivamente se reportan los proyectos destinados al Sistema de Justicia Penal

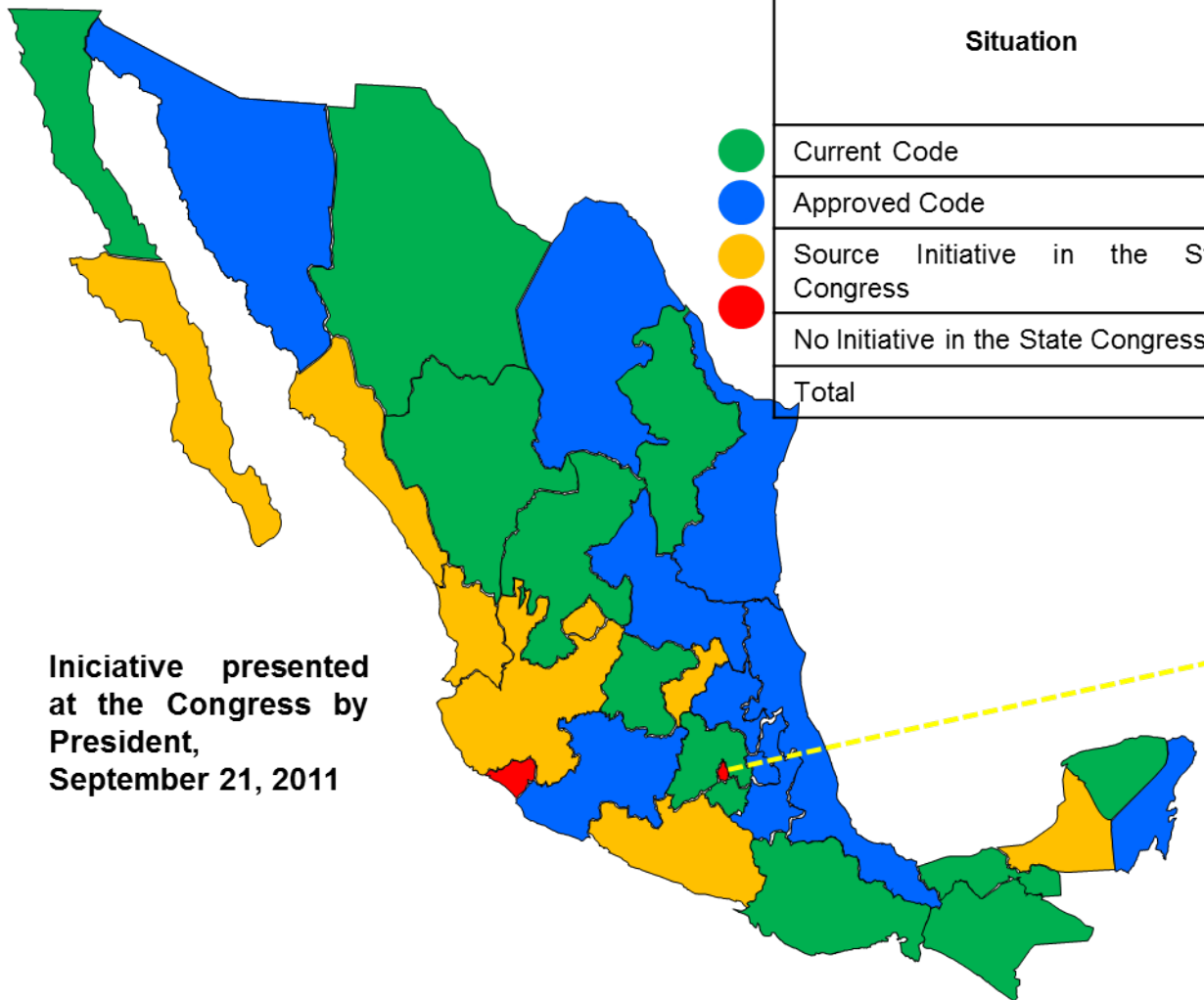
Quadrants classification



Quadrants classification

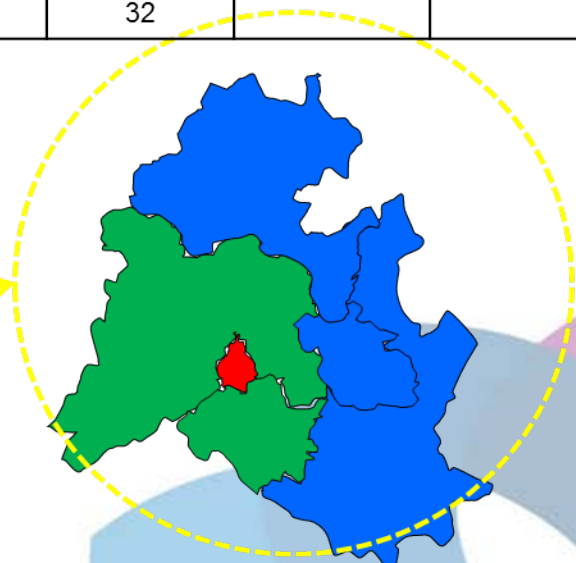


Federal Code of Criminal Procedure

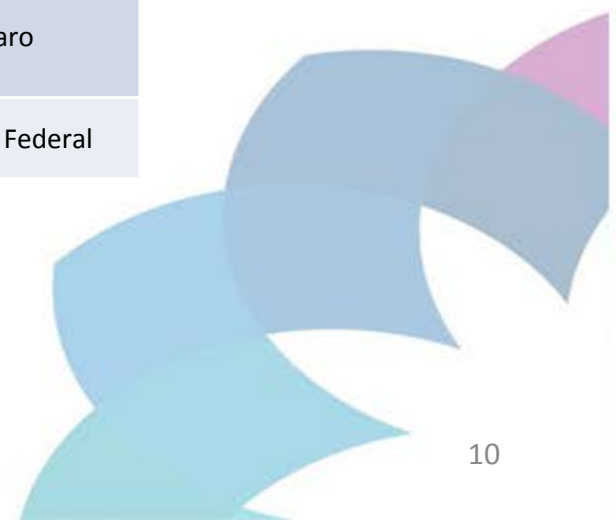


Initiative presented at the Congress by President, September 21, 2011

Federal Code of Criminal Procedure			
Situation	Entities		Federation
	Nov-12	Projection 2013	Nov-12
Current Code	12	19	
Approved Code	10		
Source Initiative in the State Congress	8		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
No Initiative in the State Congress	2		
Total	32		



Situation of the Federal Code Procedure	October 2012	
Current Code in all the territory	1. Chihuahua 2. Estado de México 3. Morelos 4. Durango 5. Baja California 6. Zacatecas	7. Oaxaca 8. Yucatán 9. Guanajuato 10. Nuevo León 11. Chiapas 12. Tabasco
Approved code	1. Coahuila 2. Michoacán 3. Puebla 4. Quintana Roo	5. Tamaulipas 6. Tlaxcala 7. Veracruz 8. Hidalgo 9. Sonora 10. San Luis Potosí
Source Initiative in the local Congress	1. Aguascalientes 2. Baja California Sur 3. Guerrero 4. Sinaloa	5. Campeche 6. Jalisco 7. Querétaro 8. Nayarit
Without Initiative in the local Congress	1. Colima	2. Distrito Federal



The future. Challenges.

- Strength of the implementation. The type of implementing entity and its support.
 - Information and evaluation systems. Not only numbers, but qualitatively.
 - Reach of implementation. Beyond direct actors. Universities and private defenders.
 - Socialization of the reform.
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