Reflecting Environmental Risks in Financial Analysis

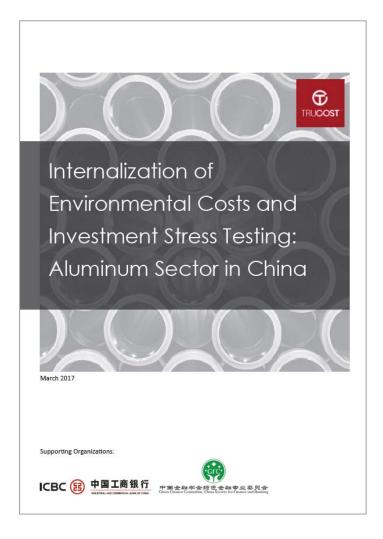
Coal-to-Chemical Sector in China as an Example

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March 2018

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A framework to stress test investments for environmental risks



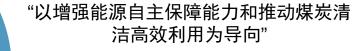
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Overcapacity:

Coal

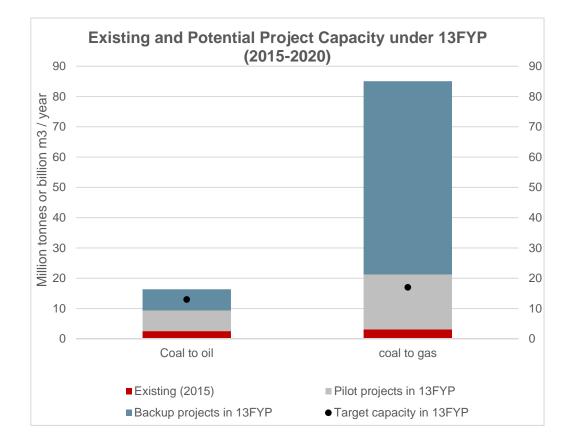
• Why Coal-to-chemical in China?



Guiding principle(s): To enhance energy security and promote clean and efficient use of coal Under capacity: Oil, gas, (some) industrial chemicals

S&P Dow Jones Indices A Division of S&P Global Reference: <<煤炭深加工产业示范"十三五"规 划 >> "13th Five-Year Plan" for coal processing industry demonstration projects

• Why Coal-to-chemical in China?

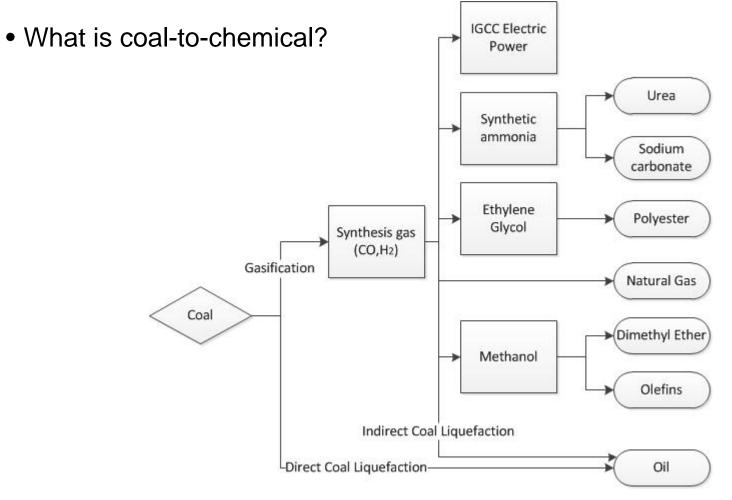


Installation capacity -

2017 vs 2016:

Coal to gas: +64.41% Coal to oil: +15.58% Coal to olefin: +17.61% Coal to ethylene: +5.2%

Reference: China Coal Processing & Utilization Association



Source: https://seekingalpha.com/article/850891-a-new-vision-the-potential-for-coal-gasification-and-coal-chemical-industry-development-in-mongolia

• Is the industry ready for scale up?



 Environmental risk associated 						
第 新浪财经 产经 > 正文	行情 > 简称代码拼音 Q]				
大唐多伦煤化工污染背后:12次环	保巡查 污染依然频发					
2016年06月02日15:29 中国新闻网						

Chemical / wastewater leaks at some of the **demonstration projects** – polluting ecosystems around the plant with 1,200 villagers relying on bottle water for daily use

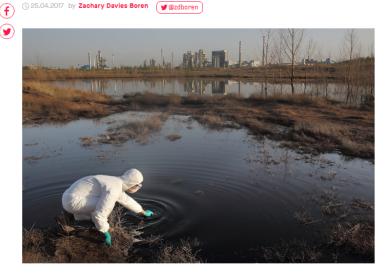
Reference: http://finance.sina.com.cn/chanjing/gsnews/2016-06-02/doc-ifxsuypf4808958.shtml



UNEARTHED

China: CO2 emissions from coal-tochemical industry set to soar

OCEANS



China's coal-to-chemical industry could produce CO2 emissions in excess of 400 million tonnes a year by the end of the decade - a more than fourfold increase from the 90 million emitted in 2015.

Reference:

FORESTS

https://unearthed.greenpeace.org/2017/04/25/china-coal-to-chemical-carbon-emissions/

Reference: http://news.sohu.com/s2013/benanxielou/

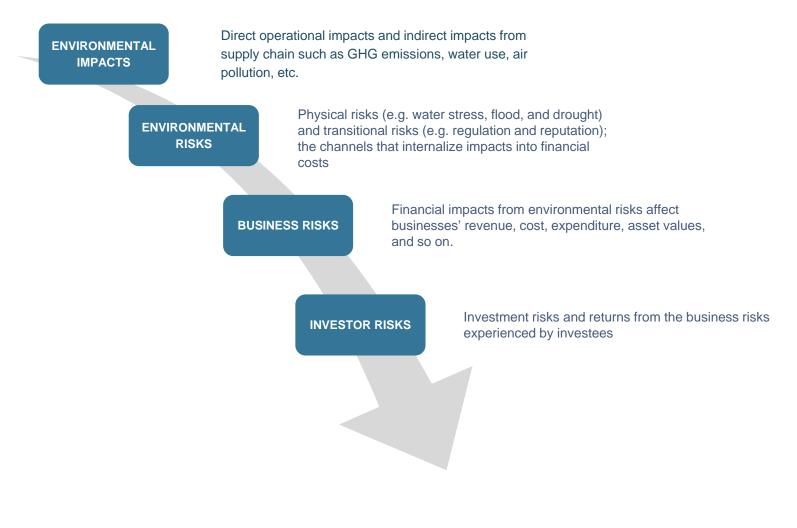
Indices

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WORLD

CHINA

Why does it matter for financial institutions funding these projects?

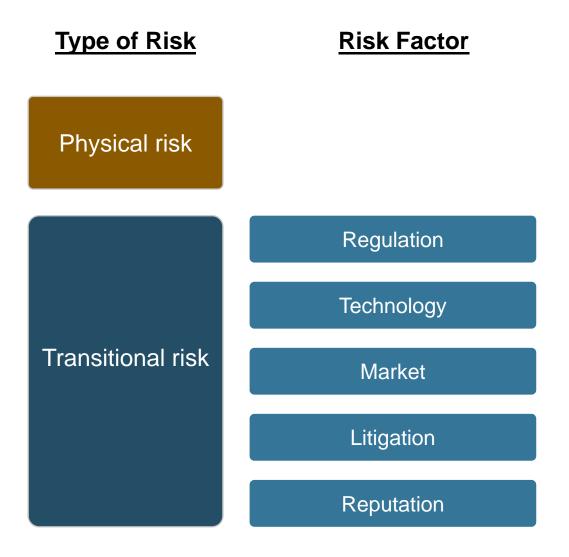


There are no lack of environmental regulations coming up in China

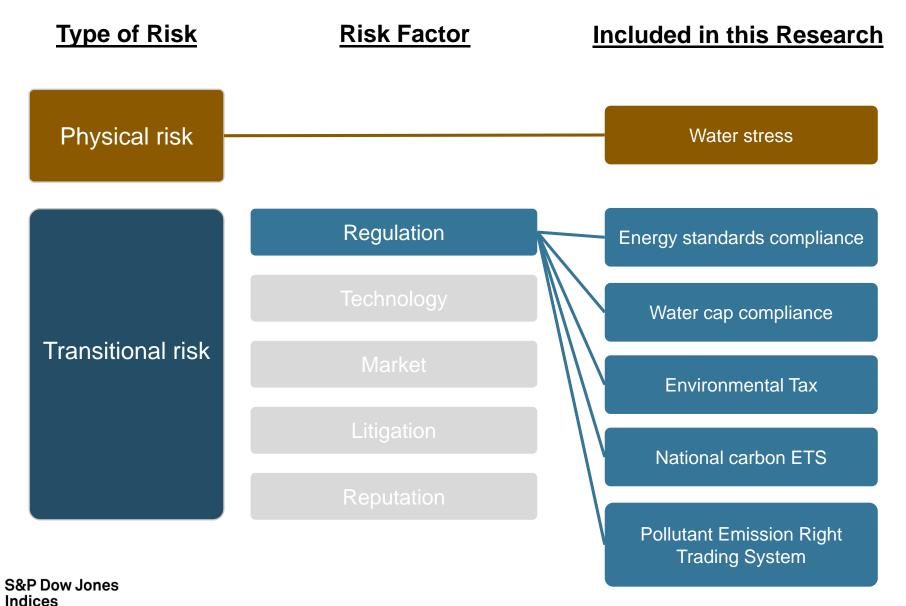
"Stranded assets" may not only be a result of climate change, or only as a long term risk:

		Regulation	Nature	State	Coverage	Emissions covered	Reference
Pollutant cap control from central government to provincial government		Carbon ETS	Market based	Implementation: 2018	National, companies above scale	GHGs	http://www.tanpaifa ng.com/tanjiaoyi/20 16/1108/57493.html
		Carbon tax	Taxation	Implementation expected to be 2020	National, companies below scale	GHGs	http://news.xinhuan et.com/finance/201 6- 08/10/c_129218765 .htm
		Environmental Tax	Taxation	Legislated; Implementation: 2018	National	Air pollutants, water pollutants	http://www.npc.gov. cn/npc/xinwen/2016 - 12/25/content_2004 993.htm
		Emissions Trading Scheme	Semi- market based	Pilot	Around 50% of all provinces	Air pollutants, water pollutants	http://www.mof.gov. cn/zhengwuxinxi/zh engcefabu/201408/t 20140825_1130901 .htm
		Water resource tax	Taxation	Pilot	1 province	Water consumpti on	http://szs.mof.gov.c n/zhengwuxinxi/zhe ngcefabu/201612/t2 0161216_2483582. html
		Water right trading	Market based	Pilot	Between >13 provinces, among companies and individuals	Water consumpti on rights	http://www.tanpaifa ng.com/shuiquanjia oyi/2016/07/225488 4.html

Environmental Risks



Environmental Risks



Scenario Analysis

RISK FACTOR	SCENARIOS					
KISK FACTOR	MOST LIKELY	LIKELY	LESS LIKELY			
Energy standards compliance	Compliance against the "average values" in current standards	Compliance against the "advanced values" in current standards				
Water cap compliance	Compliance against the "average values" in current standards	Apply average of current caps to provinces currently without any cap	Apply "advanced values" in current standards when available and the average of current caps to provinces and products currently without any cap			
Environmental tax	Lower limit of tax rate proposed in law	Upper bound of tax rate proposed in law				
Water resource tax	N/A	Assume national implementation based on the Hebei pilot	Assume national implementation with the raise in tax based on the difference between current water resource fees and tax			
National carbon ETS	30 CNY / tCO2e	65 CNY / tCO ₂ e (average of initial price range 30 - 100 CNY / tCO ₂ e)	200 CNY / tCO ₂ e			
	100% free allocation for cap based on "average energy intensity" for calcium carbide, methanol, and ammonia industries					
Pollutant Emission Right Trading System	N/A	Assume national implementation at average price of pilot schemes in Inner Mongolia, Shaanxi, Hunan, Jiangsu, and Gansu				
Water stress	Water stress up to 2020	Water stress up to 2030				

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- Risks may increase exponentially in the future under higher regulatory stress
- Environmental risks ranges from 35% 64% of these products' unit price on average

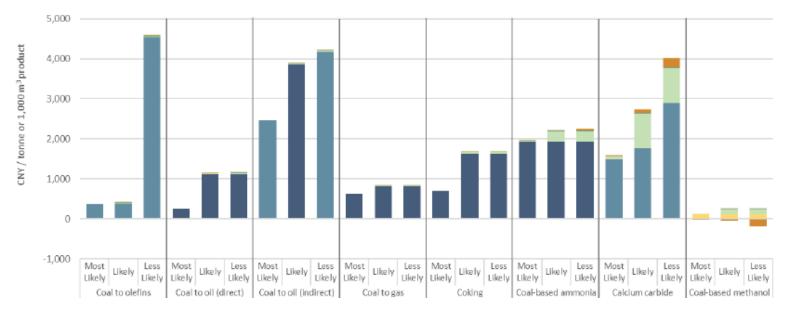
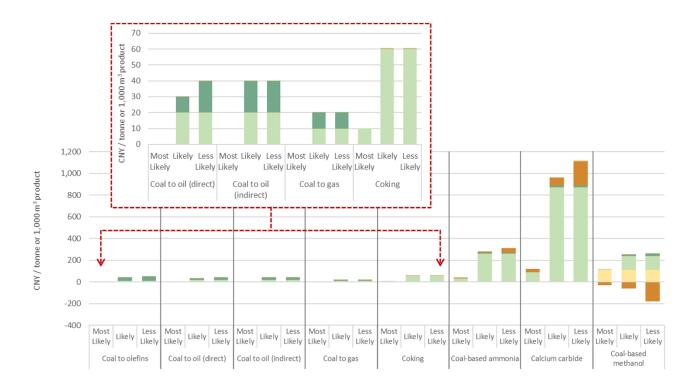


EXHIBIT 11: ENVIRONMENTAL RISK INTENSITY BY PRODUCTS AND SCENARIOS,

NATIONAL AVERAGE

 Majority of the risks come from regulatory compliance, which highlights the key role of policy makers and the importance of ongoing due diligence



- Regional variation in risks is mainly driven by water risks
- Most of the high risk areas overlaps with production hot spots

EXHIBIT 14: TOP FIVE REGIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RISK INTENSITIES IN THE "LIKELY" SCENARIO

PRODUCT	1	2	3	4	5
Coal to gas, coal to oil, coal to olefins, coal-based ammonia, coking	Hebei	Henan	Beijing	Inner Mongolia	Shanxi
Coal-based methanol	Beijing	Hainan	Tianjin	Shandong	Heibei
Calcium carbide	Hebei	Inner Mongolia	Shanxi	Liaoning	Shanxi

EXHIBIT 15: TOP FIVE PROVINCES FOR COAL-TO-CHEMICAL PRODUCTION IN 2015

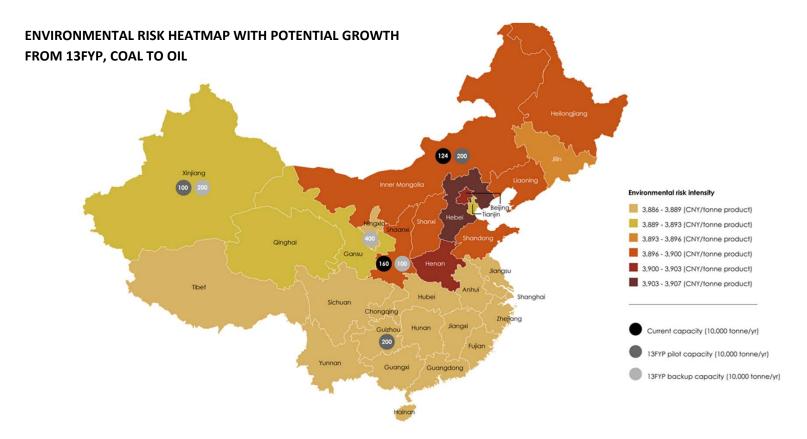
PRODUCT	1	2	3	4	5
Coal to gas	Inner Mongolia	Xinjiang	N/A	N/A	N/A
Coal to oil	Shaanxi	Inner Mongolia	Yunnan	Shanxi	Ningxia
Coal to olefins	Shaanxi	Inner Mongolia	Ningxia	Ningxia	Zhejiang
Coal-based ammonia	Shandong	Henan	Shanxi	Hubei	Sichuan
Coal-based methanol	Inner Mongolia	Shandong	Ningxia	Shaanxi	Henan
Coking	Shanxi	Hebei	Shandong	Shaanxi	Inner Mongolia
Calcium Carbide	Inner Mongolia	Xinjiang	Ningxia	Shaanxi	Henan

- The growth target under 13FYP implies significant increase in risks
- Such risks accounts for a considerable portion of investment in these projects, with potential to increase significantly in the future

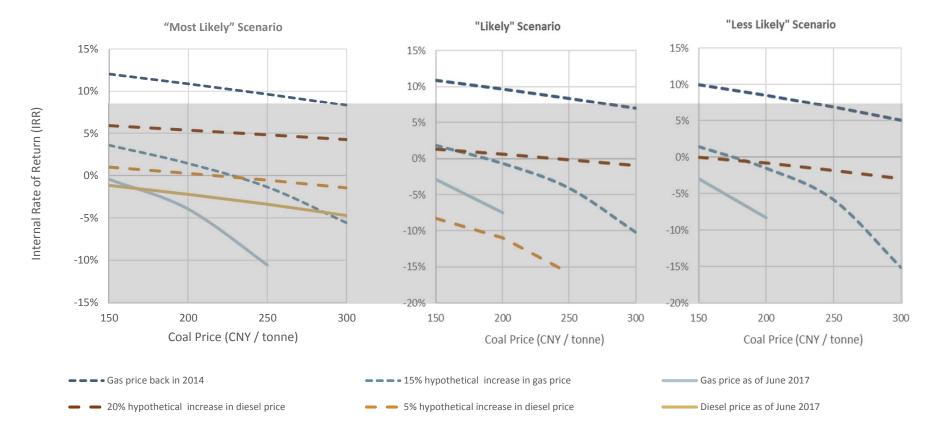
EXHIBIT 17: TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RISK VERSUS INVESTMENT FOR PROJECTS OPERATING IN 2015 AND PROPOSED IN 13FYP, 100 MILLION CNY

PRODUCT	SCOPE OF PROJECTS	ΤΟΤΑΙ	TOTAL		
TRODUCT	ESTIMATED	VERY LIKELY	LIKELY	LESS LIKELY	INVESTMENT
	2015	10	25	26	656
Coal to oil	2015 + pilot	90	151	162	3,513
	2015 + pilot + backup	169	274	295	3,377
	2015	12	15	16	385
Coal to gas	2015 + pilot	80	106	106	1,559
	2015 + pilot + backup	307	406	448	5,645
Ratio Legend:					
> 8%	6% - 8%	4% - 6%		2% - 4%	< 2%

• The growth target under 13FYP implies significant increase in risks



SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS OF IRR ACROSS DIFFERENT SCENARIOS



Recommendations

For Policy Makers

- Measures to promote robust enforcement of existing policies and regulations
- Consider revising current regulations on water, energy, carbon, tax and fees, and so on to fully internalize environmental externalities

For Investors

- Prioritize environmental risk assessment for these hotspots in their portfolios and incorporate the environmental risk-adjusted financial metrics into their considerations
- Consider using scenario analysis to assess the possibility and potential scale of such changes and incorporate this practice into regular risk assessment procedures
- Recognize the importance of due diligence for its environmental risk screening and management function

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