



Expanding Access to Long-acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) Through Community Health Workers



Nigeria - Reproductive Health Indices

- High MMR-576/100,000 (10th highest in the world)
- Low coverage of health services(ANC - 61%; delivery with skilled attendant - 38%)
- Low mCPR 10%; high unmet need - 16%
- High fertility-5.5

NIGERIA







Trends in Contraceptive Use – All Methods

Table 7.5 Trends in current use of contraception

Percent distribution of currently married women age 15-49 by contraceptive method currently used, according to several surveys, Nigeria 1990, 2003, 2008, and 2013

Method	1990 NDHS	2003 NDHS	2008 NDHS	2013 NDHS
Any method	6.0	12.6	14.6	15.1
Any modern method	3.5	8.2	9.7	9.8
Female sterilisation	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3
Pill	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.8
IUD	0.8	0.7	1.0	11
Injectables	0.7	2.0	2.6	3.2
Male condom	0.4	1.9	2.4	2.1
LAM	u	1.4	1.6	0.4
Any traditional method	2.5	4.3	4.9	5.4
Rhythm	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2
Withdrawal	2.0	1.3	2.0	2.5
Folk method	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.7
Not currently using	94.0	87.4	85.4	84.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number of women	6,880	5,336	23,578	27,830

LAM = Lactational amenorrhoea method

u = Unknown (not available)



Why Low Uptake of LARC?

- Policy: only doctors and nurses/midwives can provide injectables and LARCs (IUDs and implants)
- Commodity logistics and consumables in public sector
- High cost in private sector
- Misconceptions around effects of LARCs on long-term fertility





New Task-shifting and Task-sharing Policy

Task-Shifting and Task-Sharing Policy for Maternal and Newborn Health Care in Nigeria

> Federal Ministry of Health April 2013



- Allows CHEWs to give injectables and implants
- Addresses the human resource for health challenge, especially at the primary health care (PHC) level
- Social/cultural and access barriers still remain



Building Evidence to Support the Provision of Implants at Community Level through Task Shifting"



Study Design

- Study feasibility conducted
- Study sites: Kaduna and Cross River States
- Research protocol reviewed and finalized
- Two Local Govt. Areas (LGAs)/state; one intervention, one comparison (nonintervention)
- IRB (state level) approval obtained





Study Activities

- Study/intervention sites (LGAs and health facilities) selected:
 - Kaduna: Kajuru and Igabi LGAs
 - CRS: Akpabuyo and Yakurr LGAs
- Demand generation for LARCs



Activities (cont'd.)

- Build capacity of CHEWs to provide LARCs (particularly insertion and removal of implants)
 - 20 CHEWs trained in each state
 - referral linkages
 - regular supportive supervision and mentoring
 - linkages to Commodity
 Logistics Management System





Activities (cont'd.)

- **Collect** and **analyze** different types of **data** to assess:
 - The effects of training and engaging CHEWs to provide implants on the uptake of implants;
 - The quality of services provided by CHEWs;
 - Satisfaction of clients with services provided by CHEWs;
 - Safety issues related to the provision of implants by CHEWs;
 - Challenges faced by CHEWs in the provision of implants.
- Ongoing supportive supervision of CHEWs



Major Challenges

- Strike action by public health workers, impeding service provision
- Government yet to fully honor FP2020 commitment (funding gaps, leading to commodity stock-outs)



 Political transition: changes in government at all level



Implementation of Injectable Contraceptives (CBA2I) at the Community Level in Support of National Policy in Nigeria"

- Goal: to strengthen the capacity of CHEWs to deliver injectables, and as feasible, implants at the community level in Nigeria with a view to increasing community members' access to a wider range of modern methods
- Intervention approach:
 - I5-month period
 - 10 health facilities within 2 LGAs in Akwa Ibom State
 - Demand generation building on the E2A/PMTCT activity in the state



Expected Results

- **Capacity** of CHEWs to provide injectables and implants **strengthened**
- FP uptake increased through expanding method choice at the community level





Looking Forward

- Positive policy environment
- Active engagement of new government
- Renewed global commitments towards SDGs and FP2020
- Implementing partners, including Pathfinder/E2A, supporting operationalization of the new task-sharing policy and systematic scale up of FP/RH best practices





Thank You!

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