





## No Community Without Access to Family Planning Services

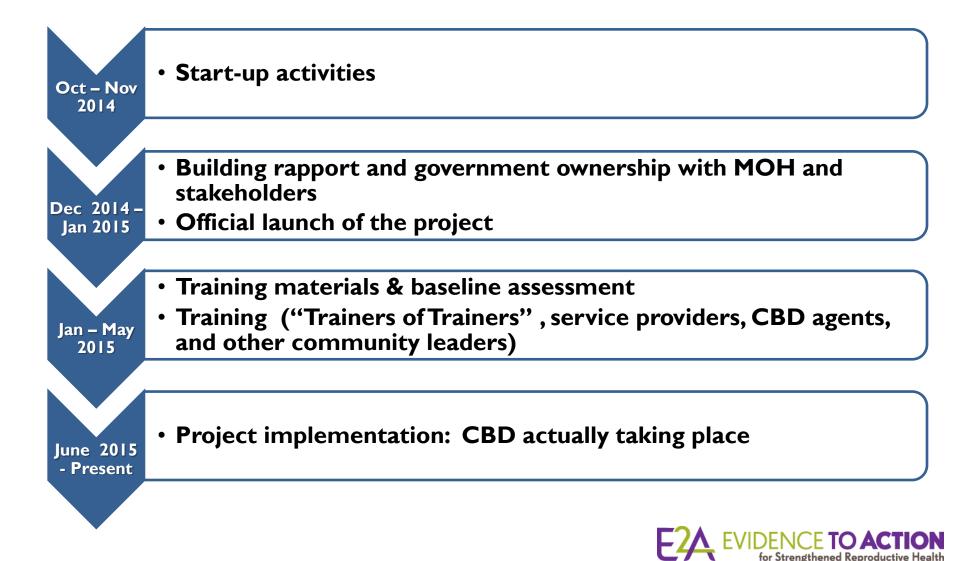
Dr. Aben Ngay Country Representative, DRC

#### Why community-based distribution of FP?

- Great unmet need (44% 67%) in the targeted health areas and access to health facilities extremely difficult.
- Community-based distribution (CBD): newly adopted strategy by the government.
- E2A works in 50 health areas across 3 provinces (East and West Kasai and Katanga), supporting 100 facilities
- 541,000 people (of whom 113,722 are women of reproductive age) to be reached by the project in the targeted health areas



#### Background: project timeline



### Institutional Support

TA and financial support provided to ensure the following:

- Capacity building of service providers at all levels
- Increased supportive supervision
- Adaptation of national communication and demandgeneration tools and guidelines
- Streamlining data-collection tools



#### FP in the community

#### How FP methods are administered

#### Through regular CBD visits

#### **Through outreach**





# Community members selected and trained as CBD agents

	Females	Males	Total
East Kasai	61	51	112
West Kasai	72	84	136
Katanga	87	65	152
TOTAL	220 (55%)	180 (45%)	400



#### Service at the community level

#### **CBD** agents:

- Raise awareness (demand creation)
- Conduct one-on-one counseling (couples & individuals)
- Provide pills (COC & POP), condoms ( and a) and Cycle Beads

#### **Nurses/midwives:**

- Provide injectables and implants during outreach
- Manage side effects



# Other Community Agents

For demand generation, CBD agents are supported by:

- Community religious and political leaders
- Community Champion groups
- Youth leaders
- Members of health committees





### Advantages of the CBD approach

• Easy access: FP services and products are available at the community level.

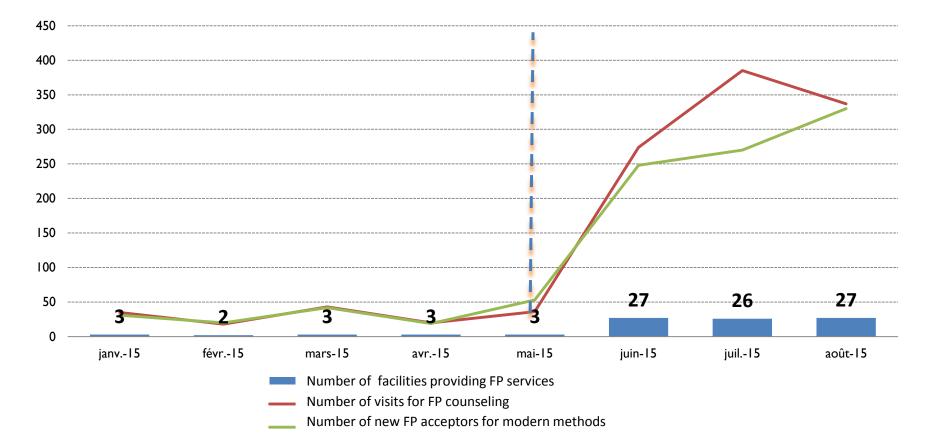
• Outreach event constitutes a motivational factor

• During outreach, non FP health issues can be addressed as well

• Sharp increase in uptake of FP services in E2A-supported health areas.

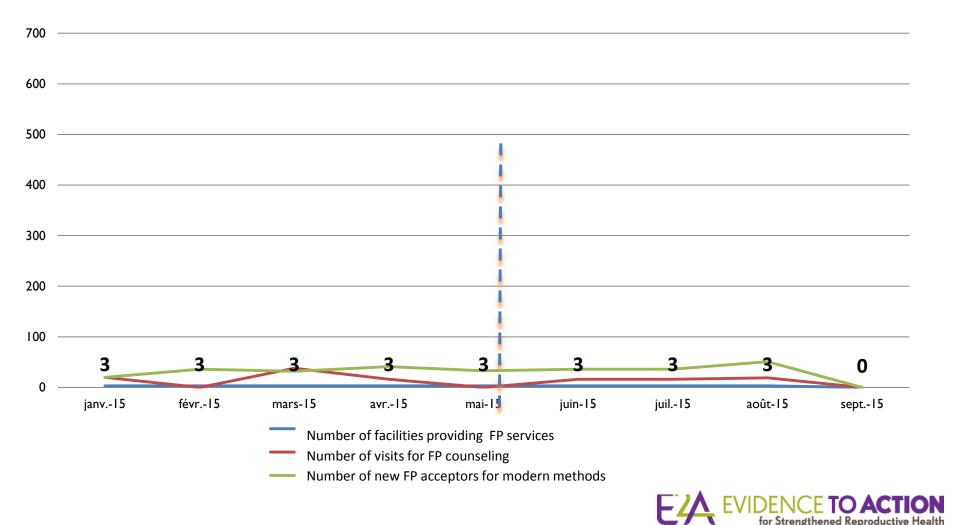


### E2A-supported health areas in Katanga



EVIDENCE TO ACTION for Strengthened Reproductive Health

#### Non-E2A supported health areas in Katanga



#### Testimonial

37-year-old Mbuyi Kabemba holds her last born triplet babies. She lives with her husband in a village 5 km away from a regional main hospital in Tshimbulu town (West Kasai).

How many elder siblings do these triplets have?





# Testimonial (cont'd)



After counseling during an outreach event, Mbuyi Kabemba chooses to receive a Jadelle implant...

A qualified nurse performs the procedure right there in a small house within the community.



#### Lessons learned

- Involving community leaders is critical for the success of outreach events
- Involving men has dramatically increased FP uptake
- Promptly addressing side effects is essential in addressing false rumors/resistance





### Lessons learned (cont'd)

• Bringing the services/ commodities to the communities results in increased use.

Focused attention on FP could produce better results in the short-term

• CBD, and especially in combination with outreach, seems to be a promising approach



# Key challenges

- Low capacity in FP, esp. CBD approach, among service providers
- Overcoming entrenched resistance





# Key challenges



• Commodity logistics is an ongoing challenge

• Long distances/difficult terrain

CBD work done on a voluntary basis



# Some key priorities in year two

Targeting adolescents and youth

Communication strategies to
address resistance

• **Building capacity** in FP and in commodity stock management









#### Thank You!

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