

Urban Response + Public Service Delivery Humanitarian Action in an Urban World

IRC 2020 Strategy

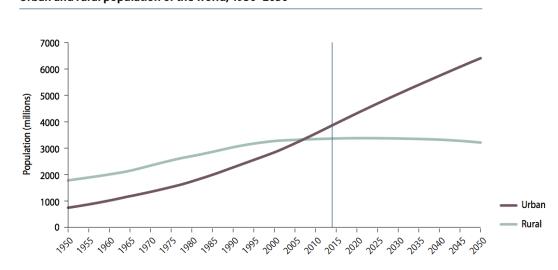
"the pressure on us and our colleagues in the international system is not just to do more work, but to work in different ways. The context for our work is changing - as urban refugees increasingly dominate the landscape."



Our Urban Future

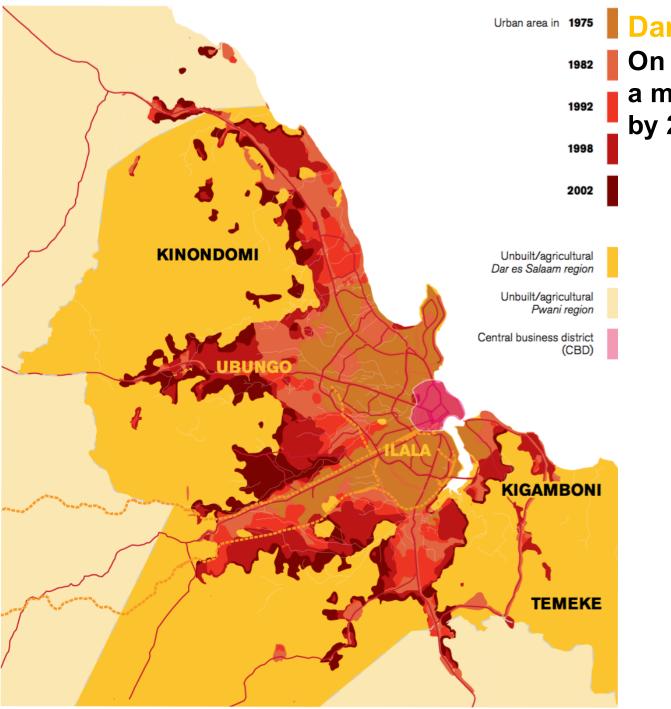
Globally, more people live in urban areas (3.9 billion) than rural areas, with the world population projected to be 66% urban by
 Urban and rural population of the world, 1950-2050

- Refugees/IDPs moving to urban areas
 - 90% of the Syrian refugees UNHCR serves live in urban areas
 - More than half of IDPs live in urban areas



Source: UN World Urbanization Prospects





Dar es Salaam:

On track to become a megacity of 10M+ by 2025



Refugee Experience

I went to my ward office with a series of grievances concerning exploitative practices against me. The ward officer promised to connect me with legal services for refugees but never followed up. >>>

A RESEARCH PARTICIPANT

Marginalized Experience

Children are not receiving the education they should be getting. The level of education in itself is low. In one class, there are about 150 students. It's hard for a teacher to pay attention to all those students.

A TANZANIAN RESEARCH PARTICIPANT



Defining the Right to the City

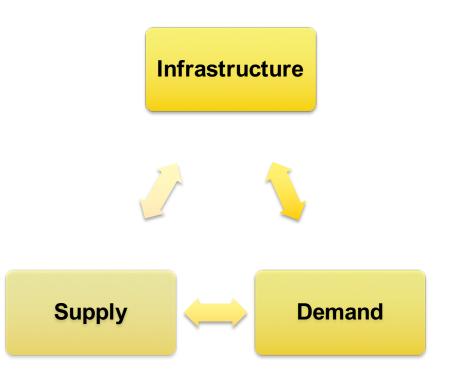
An urban dweller's ability to safely and fairly access public and social services, opportunities for self-sustainability, education, employment, healthcare, and safe and welcoming environments in which to reside.



Defining Public Service Delivery

A type of network combining actors, institutions, and means to deliver a certain good or service. These services mainly include those widely recognized as rights-based services that a government is entrusted to deliver to its population.

Examples of such services include education, healthcare, social protection, shelter, water, infrastructure (i.e. road networks), and waste management services.





What Aid Actors Can Do

- 1. Understand the complexities of the urban context prior to project implementation.
- 2. Coordinate and collaborate with other stakeholders, including other aid actors, potentially through area-based approaches.
- 3. Engage in organizational capacity strengthening of municipalities and service delivery organizations.
- 4. Advocate for PSD providers to be more inclusive of marginalized users, particularly displaced residents.



What Aid Actors Can Do

- 1. Collaboration
- 2. Systems Strengthening / Organizational Development
- 3. Advocacy





Action 3.C.2 Pioneer day care centers in GAM buildings

We will support women's participation in the workforce by setting up daycare centers in GAM buildings, and convert 5 GAM cultural and social centers into day-care centers by 2025.

Owner

GAM (Social Services Directorate)

Status

New

Timescale

Short

Partners

N/A

°



Resilience Value

- Enhance public participation, gender equity and women's empowerment.
- Ensure that women have equal rights to economic resources, enhance social cohesion.

Work with civil society organizations to identify and support women-run businesses in marginalized neighborhoods and invite them to utilize the day care centers, while providing safe transportation services for them and their children.

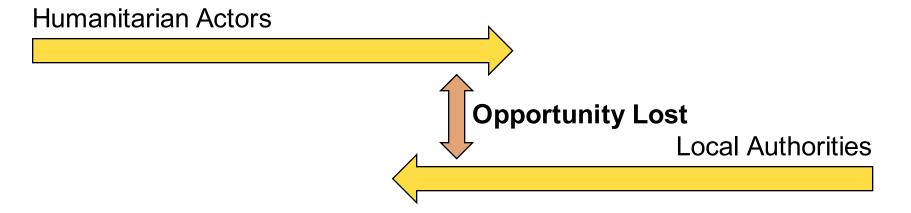




Missed Opportunity

"Humanitarian actors are trying to deal with a crisis in a city and local authorities are trying to manage a city in crisis."

- UN Habitat Representative





Thank you.

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IRC Principles of Urban Response



WORKING WITHIN A COMPLEX CONTEXT



URBAN PARTNERSHIPS, COLLABORATION AND INCLUSION



SUPPORTING RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE

