Webcast

COVID-19 in Latin America: Role of Social Policy

Measures taken by the Chilean government in the COVID-19 crisis

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Ministry of Social Development and Family
Government of Chile
April 15th, 2020
Confirmed Cases and Deaths by Country

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Total cases</th>
<th>Total Deaths</th>
<th>Total Tests</th>
<th>Test per 1M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Argentina</td>
<td>2,443</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>22,805</td>
<td>505</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>25,262</td>
<td>1,532</td>
<td>62,985</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chile</td>
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<td>Colombia</td>
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<td>Ecuador</td>
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<td>3,065,019</td>
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<td>Uruguay</td>
<td>492</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>9,929</td>
<td>2,858</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Source:
Chilean Health Ministry 14th April Report (with information until April 13 at 9:00 pm).

Source:
https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/
USD 17 billion in order to protect families, workers and companies, especially small and medium sized businesses.

USD 2 billion to protect around 2.6 million workers who are not part of the formal labor market. This includes the direct transfer of social benefits and the creation of emergency jobs.

USD 10.5 million to help 181 nursing homes and more than 7,266 elders without a support network, belonging to the 40% of the poorest population in Chile.
Income Protection Plan: Creation of USD 5 billion emergency fund. The use of this fund will be flexible, depending on the needs required in order to give an adequate response to the evolution of the sanitary crisis.

Employment Protection Act: To protect 4.7 million workers, this measure allows them to access to unemployment benefits in specific circumstances and prohibiting discharges based on force majeure.

Postponing Real Estate Tax: For people with real estate property appreciated in USD 160,000 or less.

Relief measures for lower income people and small businesses that have debts with the State.
Social policy measures being implemented
COVID-19 Subsidy Bond

Description:
Monetary payment more than 1.5 million beneficiaries who are part of the most vulnerable families according to their socioeconomic qualification. This requires a government investment of USD 130 million.

Beneficiaries:
• People who receive the Family Subsidy, part of the population with socioeconomic qualification who are not in conditions to support themselves and their families.
• Families belonging to “Securities and Opportunities” Social Program.
• Households part of the most vulnerable 60% according to their socioeconomic qualification, without formal incomes and any of the aforementioned subsidies.

Amount:
The amount given to each dependent family member is USD60*.

*This is a onetime subsidy, but a second subsidy has not been ruled out in case the economic and public crisis worsens.
National Agency for Older Persons ("SENAMA")

actions:

- Emotional Containment Phone Number.
- Volunteer work to do grocery and medical shopping for elderly quarantined people.
- “Count On Me” campaign to encourage emotional support within their own community.
- Quarantine for nursing homes.
- Influenza vaccination.
- Protocols for the adequate management of the sanitary situation.
- Provide nursing homes with Personal Protection Devices, isolation spaces and replacement workers.
Social policy measures being implemented

Specific measures for vulnerable groups: Homeless people


- Protocols for the adequate management of the sanitary situation in shelters.
- Influenza vaccination.
- Creation of an inter-sectorial Advisory Committee.
- Bring forward the beginning of the Winter Program from May 15th to mid-April.
- Installation of 182 24/7 shelters (3,325 beds to protect primarily the elderly and the chronically ill homeless population).
- 80 routes will attend 4,000 people per day, doubling last years’ impact.
- Up to 20 people per shelter to accomplish social distancing.
- 10 medical routes.
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